



**REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS**

**Licensed Environmental Services  
Supporting  
U.S EPA Brownfields Revolving Loan Fund**

**ISSUE DATE:** Friday, January 9th, 2026  
**PROPOSAL DEADLINE:** February 10th, 2026 - 4:00 PM

**SUBMIT PROPOSALS TO:**

Connecticut Metropolitan Council of Governments  
Attn: Hannah Reichle, Senior Planner  
1000 Lafayette Boulevard, Suite 925  
Bridgeport, Connecticut 06604  
[hreichle@ctmetro.org](mailto:hreichle@ctmetro.org)

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## **I. INTRODUCTION**

MetroCOG was awarded and administers a 2014 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Brownfields Revolving Loan Fund (RLF) as well as 2025 EPA RLF Supplemental Funding. MetroCOG is the Council of Governments for the Greater Bridgeport Region, and is made up of the municipalities of Bridgeport, Easton, Fairfield, Monroe, Stratford and Trumbull.

The MetroCOG Revolving Loan Fund program will involve Environmental Services as needed (outlined in Section II – Scope of Work), that will result in the implementation of our Regional Brownfields Revolving Loan Fund Program, including the remediation of brownfield sites within the Targeted Investment Area and/or the rest of the Greater Bridgeport Region. The intent of this RFP is to select up to three LEP firms to provide environmental services to MetroCOG. One LEP firm will be selected as the primary contractor, and two LEP firms will be designated as alternates. In the event that there is a conflict of interest that exists with the primary firm, or if MetroCOG is not satisfied with the primary firm's performance, MetroCOG reserves the right to utilize an alternate firm. Poor LEP firm performance may include but is not limited to responsiveness, knowledge of the RLF program/process, availability, and timeliness. All work will be funded on an individual basis from the EPA Revolving Loan Fund. Inclusion of an LEP firm on MetroCOG's list does not guarantee a fixed amount of work, if any.

## **II. SCOPE OF WORK:**

The Licensed Environmental Professional (LEP) firm will provide as-needed coordination, direction, and oversight of EPA Revolving Loan Fund (RLF) activities, including but not limited to: remediation planning, review and or development of remediation costs, cleanup implementation, oversight of cleanup contractors and other services as may be agreed to at project sites that will be funded through our EPA Brownfields Revolving Loan Fund Program. MetroCOG will depend on the LEP to assist in ensuring that remediation projects comply with all applicable state and federal requirements. These requirements may include but are not limited to applicable state and federal environmental regulations, funding source-specific obligations relative to task eligibility, record-keeping, reporting and wage rate compliance assurance. The LEP will also assist with compliance with all terms and conditions of the RLF cooperative agreement and ensure all deliverables necessary for reporting and record keeping are received. The BRLF Grant services under this contract will be for a period of five years (2025-2030). MetroCOG may amend this contract to accommodate the terms and conditions of future EPA brownfields grants awarded to MetroCOG within this five-year period provided a market survey conducted by MetroCOG indicates the prices the LEP firm (contractor) proposes are reasonable.

Services related to this program may include, but are not limited to:

- Advice about compliance with All Appropriate Inquiry Rules;
- Review and/or Preparation of the following:
  - Remedial Action Plans
  - Analysis of Brownfields Cleanup Alternatives
  - Community Relations Plans
  - Site Specific Quality Assurance Project Plans/Addendums
- Review Assessment Reports Prepared for Sites;
- Evaluation of Contractor Bids and Contractor Review by Borrowers and/or subgrantees
- Project Management and Field Oversight of Remediation Projects for State/Federal Compliance;
- Strategies for Remediation and Site Redevelopment;
- Coordination of Community Outreach Efforts and Development of Community Relations Plan;
- Coordination of Project Completion Efforts;
- ACRES Reporting
- Davis Bacon Act Prevailing Wage Compliance;
- BABA compliance;
- Prepare and Submit all Appropriate and Required State Documents
- Provide Coordination with Appropriate and Relevant State Agencies and Obtain State Approvals;
- Provide Technical Assistance to MetroCOG in guiding the RLF Program;
- Attend Brownfields Working Group Meetings and other meetings, as needed.
- Be available to respond to MetroCOG staff regarding the RLF Process.

### III. SUBMISSION OF INQUIRIES

Any questions concerning the scope of this project or requests for additional information, or any other questions should be directed in writing to Hannah Reichle, Senior Planner, MetroCOG by e-mail at [hreichle@ctmetro.org](mailto:hreichle@ctmetro.org). **Subject line shall read “Questions Regarding Brownfields RLF LEP Services”.** **Inquiries must be made by 4:00pm on Tuesday, January 20<sup>th</sup>, 2026.** No phone calls will be answered regarding questions associated with this RFQ. Responses to questions or requests for additional information shall be in writing and released to all respondents of this RFP. Responses to questions or requests for additional information will also be posted to MetroCOG’s Website and it is the responsibility of the consultant to check the website for updates or addendums to this RFP.

### IV. SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS

MetroCOG will select a LEP firm based on firm capabilities; past like or similar project experience; key staff assigned to the project; knowledge of the municipalities located within the Greater Bridgeport Region; technical approach; and proven ability to perform within the projected budget.

LEP firms must also demonstrate prior experience in Project Management and working under the policies and procedures of United States Federal Revolving Loan Fund Programs. Responses to this Request for Proposals (RFP) shall include the following:

**A. Cover Letter (2 page max):**

LEP firm should include a cover letter expressing interest in responding to this RFP which should be signed by an firm representative authorized to engage the LEP firm in the services identified herein.

**B. Firm's Qualifications and Capabilities (5 pages max):**

Describe the qualifications and capabilities of the LEP Firm as they relate to performing professional Licensed Environmental Services under State or Federal environmental grant programs and/or other programs involving contaminated sites and the demonstrated ability to provide Technical Oversight of multiple of contractors & subcontractors. LEP firms should include a list 3-5 references where similar services were provided. For each reference include the following: client reference/name/organization, phone number, email address, project name, location, cost of completion and a brief project description.

**C. Past Project Experience (5 pages max):**

Include Project Summaries of relevant environmental and contaminated projects completed in the State of Connecticut and EPA Region 1. Provide experience with state or federal environmental programmatic compliance and reporting including the completion of ABCAs, RAPs, SSQAPP Addenda, Community Relations Plans, Davis Bacon Act prevailing wage compliance, BABA compliance, ACRES reporting, and EPA quarterly reporting. Summarize the scope of work, and provide client contact information.

**D. Key Staff Assigned to the Project (3 pages max, excluding resumes):**

Identify specific personnel that will be assigned to the following key roles for the project: Project Manager, LEP, PE, and Lead Technical Staff members. Personnel identified in the proposal must be the principal staff that will work on the project and represent the majority of hours billed to the project. LEP firms must provide an organizational chart and resumes for the Project Manager and the Lead Technical Staff Members. Resumes shall not exceed 3 pages in length. Project staff must meet all local, state, and federal requirements to perform work.

**E. Technical Approach (3 pages max):**

Describe the Technical Approach that will be used to complete the tasks described in this RFP

**F. Standard Billing Rates and Estimated Costs (1 page billing rates/2 page cost estimate w/assumptions):**

Please provide Standard Billing Rates for all staff to be utilized on this project. In addition to Standard Billing Rates, respondents should include an estimated cost for performance of the following tasks: Attendance at a project strategy meeting, review of an ABCA/Remediation Plan, and review of cleanup tasks with regard to eligibility and cost for one site. LEP firm is encouraged to provide details/assumptions regarding cost development.

**G. Suspension and Debarment Certification**

All Respondents must provide a properly executed form ensuring the LEP Firm is not debarred from receiving federal funds, see Attachment 1.

**H. Equal Employment Opportunity Detailed Statement**

As was described in Section XIII, all respondents should furnish a detailed statement describing their Equal Employment Opportunity practices and any statistical employment information that it deems appropriate, relative to the composition of its work force or its subcontractors.

**V. SUBMISSION INSTRUCTIONS**

Respondents must submit three (2) bound original and one (1) electronic submission (Thumb Drive). Submissions must be clearly labeled with Firm Name and Project Name. Submissions must be signed by a representative of the Respondent organization authorized to submit and establish fees on behalf of the Respondent and bind the Respondent to the terms and conditions of this RFP. **Submissions must be received on or before 4:00 pm on Tuesday, February 10<sup>th</sup>, 2026.** Late submissions will not be accepted or considered. The Respondent shall assume full responsibility for the delivery of Proposals to MetroCOG. **Submissions must be mailed or delivered to:**

Ms. Hannah Reichle  
Senior Planner  
Connecticut Metropolitan Council of Governments  
1000 Lafayette Blvd, Ste 925  
Bridgeport, CT 06604

MetroCOG is not obligated to enter into any contract on the basis of any submittal in response to this RFP. MetroCOG reserves the right to request additional information from any LEP firm submitting under this RFP if MetroCOG deems such information necessary to further evaluate the LEP firm's qualifications. MetroCOG reserves the right to interview any LEP firm submitting under this RFP. MetroCOG reserves the right to waive informalities and minor irregularities in submittals and reserves the sole right to determine what constitutes informalities or minor irregularities. LEP firm shall be responsible for all costs associated with LEP firm's submittal.

MetroCOG reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to reject all submissions, reissue a subsequent RFP, terminate, restructure or amend this procurement process at any time.

MetroCOG may contact any LEP firm after receiving its submittal to seek clarification of any portion thereof. MetroCOG reserves the right to request additional information from any LEP firm if MetroCOG deems such information necessary to further evaluate the LEP firm's qualifications. In the event MetroCOG elects to negotiate a contract with a selected LEP firm, MetroCOG reserves the right to negotiate such terms and conditions of the contract, including, but not limited to scope, role, and price and staffing which may be in the best interests of MetroCOG.

## **VI. EVALUATION CRITERIA**

MetroCOG's objective in soliciting response statements is to enable it to select respondents that will provide high quality and cost-effective services to MetroCOG. MetroCOG will consider proposal statements only from Respondents that, in MetroCOG's sole judgment, have demonstrated the capability and willingness to provide high quality services to MetroCOG in the manner described in this RFP.

Proposal statements will be evaluated and scored by MetroCOG to determine which respondents can provide the services requested in a manner most advantageous to MetroCOG, based on consideration of:

### Overall Experience and Personnel (20%)

- Experience and reputation (references included will be contacted for confirmation) in the field and with similar projects initiatives;
- Relevance and Extent of Qualifications, Experience, Reputation and Training of Personnel to be assigned;

### Specific State and Federal Environmental Experience (25%)

- Experience with projects of similar size/complexity, and specifically those projects performed under the applicable CTDEEP regulatory framework and EPA terms and conditions;

### Estimated Costs and Billing Rates (25%)

- Rate/Fee/Price considerations;
- Travel time to sites in urban environments

### Capacity, Availability, Knowledge (25%)

- Availability and Capacity to accommodate the needs of MetroCOG;
- Knowledge of the Greater Bridgeport Region or a metro area similar in size and geographic uniqueness (population, density, etc.) and the subject matter to be addressed under this engagement; and

### Other Criteria (5%)

- Other factors demonstrated to be in the best interest of MetroCOG.

## **8. FEDERAL FUNDING REQUIREMENTS**

This project is funded through the U.S. EPA's Brownfields Revolving Loan Fund (RLF) Grant Program. Firms must demonstrate their ability to comply with all Terms and Conditions (Attachment \_\_) and all applicable Federal laws and regulations, including but not limited to:

As EPA Revolving Loan Fund monies will be used to fund this work, the Consultant must adhere to all applicable Federal requirements. These requirements include, but are not limited to:

- The contract will be subject to those conditions of the Cooperative Agreement that relate to eligibility of costs and to contracts, including the administrative cost prohibition (see Attachment 2).
- The contract is subject to regulations that govern contracts under cooperative agreements (such as, but not limited to, 40 CFR Part 31 requirements for accounting and record keeping, 40 CFR Part 30 requirements for financial reporting, and 40 CFR Part 35 Sub Part O).
- The contract will be subject to general Federal requirements for contracts under cooperative agreements, including mandatory steps for contractors to follow related to areas, such as the Davis-Bacon Act and utilization of Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE).
- The relevant cooperative agreement conditions and applicable regulations are included in this RFP as Attachment 2.
- All contractors must verify that they are not suspended or disbarred from receiving Federal funds (see Attachment 1). While evaluating bids or proposals, MetroCOG will consult the most current "List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement or Non-procurement Programs" to ensure that the firms submitting proposals are not prohibited from participation in assistance programs. MetroCOG will comply with the requirements regarding sub awards to debarred and suspended parties described in 40 CFR 31.35 or 40 CFR 30.13.
- All CAR Recipients shall follow good faith efforts whenever procuring construction, equipment, services and supplies under an EPA financial assistance agreement, even if it has achieved its fair share objectives.

## **9. EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY PROVISIONS**

LEP firms and their subcontractors will not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the award and performance of services. Respondents must demonstrate a commitment to the effective implementation of an affirmative action plan or policy on equal employment opportunity.

LEP firms must ensure equal employment opportunity to all persons and not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, religion, gender, national origin, physical disability, mental disorder, ancestry, marital status, sexual orientation, criminal



record or political beliefs. LEP firms must uphold and operate in compliance with Executive Order 11246 and as amended in Executive Order 11375, Title VI and VII of Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Equal Employment Opportunity Act of 1972, the Fair Employment Practices Act, and the American with Disabilities Act of 1990.

Each Respondent should furnish a **detailed statement** describing its Equal Employment Opportunity practices and any statistical employment information that it deems appropriate, relative to the composition of its workforce or its subcontractors.

## **10. INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS**

- A. The LEP firm shall carry and maintain in full force and effect for the duration of any contract resulting from this RFP, appropriate insurance. The LEP firm agrees to protect and defend, indemnify, and hold EPA, MetroCOG and their respective employees (collectively, the “Indemnitees”) free and harmless from and against any and all losses, claims, liens, demands and causes of action of every kind and character including the amount of judgments, penalties, interest, court costs, and legal fees incurred by in the Indemnitees in defense of same, arising in favor of taxes, claims, liens, debts, personal injuries, including employees of MetroCOG, death or damages to property (including property of MetroCOG) and without limitations by enumeration, all other claims, or demands of every character occurring and caused in whole or in part by any negligent act or omission of the LEP firm, any one directly or indirectly employed by the LEP firm or anyone for whose acts the LEP firm may be liable regardless of whether or not it is caused in part by MetroCOG. The LEP firm will designate and provide MetroCOG with the identity of a person or persons in the LEP firm’s employ who shall be responsible for handling claims from the public efficiently and expeditiously. Policies shall be issued by an insurance company authorized to do business in the State of Connecticut.
- B. Insurance similar to that required by the LEP firm shall be provided by or on behalf of all subcontractors to cover their operations performed and included in all subcontracts.
- C. **Insurance certificates are required with responses to this RFP.** Insurance certificates must be provided at the time of bid for site-specific environmental work documenting coverage for the following:
  - i. Workers’ Compensation and Employer’s Liability in accordance with State of Connecticut requirements.
  - ii. Public Liability Insurance: Comprehensive General Liability, (bodily injury, personal injury, and property damage liability) including company’s contingent Completed operations and contractual liability with a minimum:
    - a. \$1,000,000 each occurrence
    - b. \$1,000,000 personal and advertising injury
    - c. \$1,000,000 general aggregate; and
    - d. \$1,000,000 products/completed operations aggregate
  - iii. Comprehensive Automobile Liability Insurance. Covering all owned, hired, and rented vehicles and equipment, with limits of liability of not less than \$1,000,000 for injuries to, or death of one or more persons resulting from any one occurrence and property damage limit of liability of not less than \$500,000 per occurrence.
  - iv. Professional liability and errors & omissions insurance in the amount of \$1,000,000.

- v. In lieu of the insurance coverage listed under (ii) and (iii) above, the Consultant may fulfill the insurance requirements by having and maintaining excess or umbrella liability insurance with a minimum:
  - a. \$1,000,000 per occurrence;
  - b. \$1,000,000 aggregate of other than products/completed operations and auto liability; and
  - c. \$1,000,000 products/completed operations aggregate.

All insurance certificates must name MetroCOG as additional insureds on the policies. The insurance certificates must state that coverage cannot be cancelled or materially altered without thirty (30) days' written notice to the MetroCOG.

## **11. ADDITIONAL SERVICES**

If you believe that additional services in addition to those requested in the Scope of Services are necessary, please identify those services and your reasons for recommending such services.

## **12. PERSONNEL**

The LEP firm shall provide the professional services identified in the Scope of Services and requested by MetroCOG. The proposal must identify the person or persons who will be responsible for conducting the work as listed in the Scope of Services, and include a copy of each person's resume, including persons of the sub-contractor, if any. MetroCOG is requesting that a senior experienced person be the primary representative of the consultant in performing the services.

## **13. LENGTH OF SERVICE**

It is expected and required that the work covered by this Scope of Services shall be completed in an expeditious manner. In compliance with EPA's period of performance, services under the 2014 RLF project should be delivered by September 30<sup>th</sup>, 2027 and services under the RLF Supplemental should be delivered by September 30<sup>th</sup>, 2030. Length of service is for a maximum of five years. Contract will be rebid if services are still needed after five years.

## **14. CONTRACT/AGREEMENT**

The successful LEP firm(s) will be required to sign a Professional Services Agreement ("PSA") prepared by MetroCOG's attorney. MetroCOG will deliver a copy of the PSA to the successful LEP firm(s) following notice of award. Depending upon the content of the LEP firm's qualifications, MetroCOG may modify the customary form of PSA. MetroCOG reserves the right to cancel the award to a successful LEP firm if the successful LEP firm proposes modifications to the PSA or attempts to modify the terms of the PSA after being notified of the award. Under the PSA, MetroCOG will have the right to terminate the LEP firm's services for cause.

## **15. FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT**

Respondents are advised that any and all materials submitted in response to this RFP shall become the sole property of MetroCOG and shall be subject to the provisions of Section 1-210 of the Connecticut General Statutes (re: Freedom of Information).

## **16. INCURRED COSTS**

This Request for Proposals does not commit MetroCOG to award a contract or to pay any costs incurred in the preparation of a response to this request. MetroCOG will not be liable in any way for any costs incurred by respondents in replying to this RFP.

## **17. SEVERABILITY**

If any terms or provisions of this Request for Proposals shall be found to be illegal or unenforceable, then such term or provision shall be deemed stricken and the remaining portions of this document shall remain in full force and effect.

## **18. ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION BY THE CONNECTICUT METROPOLITAN COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS**

MetroCOG reserves the right to accept and or reject any or all responses submitted for consideration or to negotiate separately in any manner necessary to serve the best interests of MetroCOG.

## **19. AMENDING OR CANCELING REQUEST**

MetroCOG reserves the right to amend or cancel this RFP prior to the due date and time, if it is deemed to be in its best interest to do so.

## **20. WAIVER OF INFORMALITIES**

MetroCOG reserves the right to accept or reject any and all responses to this RFP, or any part thereof, and waive any informalities and/or technicalities that are deemed to be in its best interest.

## **21. WORK PRODUCTS**

All reports, data, and other documents prepared by the LEP firm shall be submitted to MetroCOG for review and approval. Resulting work products of the LEP firm pursuant to this solicitation shall be provided in both easily accessible printed and digital format and shall become the property of MetroCOG in which the LEP firm is contracted with. The use of LEP firm generated media, photos, surveys, and videos may be used by MetroCOG for future planning purposes and documents. Member municipalities may utilize work products as well. No such approval shall in any way be construed to relieve the LEP firm of responsibility for technical adequacy or operate as a waiver of any of MetroCOG's rights. The LEP firm shall remain liable according to applicable laws and practices for all damages to MetroCOG caused by the LEP firm's negligent performance of any of services furnished relative to any agreements resulting from this solicitation.

## **22. SUBCONTRACTING**

Firms may team up with other contractors as they deem necessary to respond to this RFP. In their response, the prime LEP firm and all subcontractors should be clearly identified along with the responsibilities of each. The successful respondents may utilize the services of specialty, currently unidentified subcontractors on those unforeseen portions of the work that under normal practices are performed by specialty firms. In this event, the LEP firm shall obtain and make available fee proposals from qualified subcontractors for those services. The successful respondent shall not award any portion of the work to a firm that is not on the selected project

team without prior written approval of MetroCOG. The acceptance of any and all subcontractors shall reside with MetroCOG and their decision shall be final. The successful respondent shall be fully responsible for the performance, finished products, acts, and omissions of his subcontractors and persons directly or indirectly employed thereby.

### **23. ASSIGNING/TRANSFERRING OF AGREEMENT**

Any successful firm is prohibited from assigning, transferring, conveying, subletting or otherwise disposing of the resulting agreement or its rights, title, or interest therein or its power to execute such an agreement to any other person, company or corporation without prior consent and approval in writing from MetroCOG.

### **24. TERMINATION**

MetroCOG may terminate a LEP firm's contract due to cause, default or negligence on the part of the LEP firm; or if the LEP firm fails, in the opinion of MetroCOG or its member municipalities, to meet the general terms and conditions of any resulting contract or to provide a level of service that is deemed to be in the best interest of MetroCOG or its member municipalities.

### **25. ACCEPTANCE OF RFP**

Respondents shall describe in detail any and all exceptions to any of the conditions outlined in this RFP. MetroCOG assumes that each Respondent will accept each and every one of the conditions of this RFP unless an exception or exceptions are specified in the Respondent's statement of qualifications.

### **26. NO WARRANTY**

Respondents are required to examine the RFP, specifications, and instructions pertaining to the services to be provided. Failure to do so will be at the Respondent's own risk. MetroCOG assumes that the Respondent has made full investigation and is fully informed of the extent and character of the services to be provided under this RFP and of the requirements of the specifications. No warranty is made or implied as to the information contained in this RFP, specifications, or instructions.

### **27. RESERVATION OF RIGHTS**

MetroCOG reserves the right to reject any, or any part of or all statement of RFP for any reason; to waive informalities and technicalities; and to accept the proposal which MetroCOG deems to be in its best interest. MetroCOG reserves the right to review the responses provided and reject all proposals or take no action or elect not to select any response. MetroCOG also reserves the right to cancel this RFP at any time and to reissue this or a substitute RFP at a later date. In its sole discretion and without prejudice, MetroCOG will award a contract to the Respondent that it feels is best suited to complete the scope of services. This RFP does not constitute a contract or offer of employment.

## Attachments:

I. Debarment Certification

II. EPA Terms and Conditions

**ATTACHMENT 1**

**DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION FORM**

This statement must be reproduced on company letterhead and signed by an authorized representative of the firm.

I, \_\_\_\_\_ an authorized representative of \_\_\_\_\_ (company) certify that  
\_\_\_\_\_ (company) is not debarred from receiving Federal funds.

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Signature)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Print name)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Title)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Date)

Environmental Protection Agency  
**General Terms and Conditions**  
*Effective October 1, 2023*

**Revision History:**

The Environmental Protection Agency's General Terms and Conditions **are published and become effective October 1<sup>st</sup> at the start of the federal fiscal year.** Any additions, revisions, or changes to the terms and conditions after October 1 will be summarized below.

T&C Number	Effective Date	Description of Changes

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# Preface

## 1. Introduction

- (a) The recipient and any sub-recipient must comply with the applicable EPA general terms and conditions outlined below. These terms and conditions are in addition to the assurances and certifications made as part of the award and terms, conditions, and restrictions reflected on the official assistance award document. Recipients **must** review their official award document for additional administrative and programmatic requirements. Failure to comply with the general terms and conditions outlined below and those directly reflected on the official assistance award document may result in enforcement actions as outlined in 2 CFR 200.339 and 200.340.
- (b) If the EPA General Terms and Conditions have been revised, EPA will update the terms and conditions when it provides additional funding (incremental or supplemental) prior to the end of the period of performance of this agreement. The recipient must comply with the revised terms and conditions after the effective date of the EPA action that leads to the revision. Revised terms and conditions do not apply to the recipient's expenditures of EPA funds or activities the recipient carries out prior to the effective date of the EPA action. EPA will inform the recipient of revised terms and conditions in the action adding additional funds.

## 2. Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards

This award is subject to the requirements of the Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards; Title 2 CFR, Parts [200](#) and [1500](#). 2 CFR 1500.2, Adoption of 2 CFR Part 200, states the Environmental Protection Agency adopts the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) guidance Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards to Non-Federal Entities (subparts A through F of 2 CFR Part 200), as supplemented by 2 CFR Part 1500, as the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) policies and procedures for financial assistance administration. 2 CFR Part 1500 satisfies the requirements of 2 CFR 200.110(a) and gives regulatory effect to the OMB guidance as supplemented by 2 CFR Part 1500. This award is also subject to applicable requirements contained in EPA programmatic regulations located in 40 CFR Chapter 1 Subchapter B.

**2.1 Effective Date and Incremental or Supplemental Funding.** Consistent with the OMB Frequently Asked Questions at <https://cfo.gov/cofar> on Effective Date and Incremental Funding, any new funding through an amendment (supplemental or incremental) on or after December 26, 2014, and any unobligated balances (defined at 2 CFR 200.1) remaining on the award at the time of the amendment, will be subject to the requirements of the Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements (2 CFR Parts 200 and 1500).

## 3. Termination

Consistent with 2 CFR 200.340, EPA may unilaterally terminate this award in whole or in part:

- (a) If a recipient fails to comply with the terms and conditions of the award including statutory or regulatory requirements; or
- (b) If the award no longer effectuates the program goals or agency priorities. Situations in which EPA may terminate an award under this provision include when:
  - i. EPA obtains evidence that was not considered in making the award that reveals that specific award objective(s) are ineffective at achieving program goals and EPA determines that it is in the government's interest to terminate the award;
  - ii. EPA obtains evidence that was not considered in making the award that causes EPA to significantly question the feasibility of the intended objective(s) of the award and EPA determines that it is in the government's interest to terminate the award;



- iii. EPA determines that the objectives of the award are no longer consistent with funding priorities for achieving program goals.

## Financial Information

### 4. Reimbursement Limitation

EPA's financial obligations to the recipient are limited by the amount of federal funding awarded to date as reflected on the award document. If the recipient incurs costs in anticipation of receiving additional funds from EPA, it does so at its own risk. See [2 CFR 1500.9](#).

### 5. Automated Standard Application Payments (ASAP) and Proper Payment Draw Down

**Electronic Payments.** Recipients must be enrolled or enroll in the Automated Standard Application for Payments (ASAP) system to receive payments under EPA financial assistance agreements unless:

- EPA grants a recipient-specific exception;
- The assistance program has received a waiver from this requirement;
- The recipient is exempt from this requirement under [31 CFR 208.4](#); or,
- The recipient is a fellowship recipient pursuant to [40 CFR Part 46](#).

EPA will not make payments to recipients until the ASAP enrollment requirement is met unless the recipients fall under one of the above categories. Recipients may request exceptions using the procedures below but only EPA programs may obtain waivers. To enroll in ASAP, complete the ASAP Initiate Enrollment Form located at: <https://www.epa.gov/financial/forms> and email it to [rtpfc-grants@epa.gov](mailto:rtpfc-grants@epa.gov) or mail it to:

US Environmental Protection Agency  
RTP-Finance Center (Mail Code AA216-01)  
4930 Page Rd.  
Durham, NC 27711

Under this payment mechanism, the recipient initiates an electronic payment request online via ASAP, which is approved or rejected based on the amount of available funds authorized by EPA in the recipient's ASAP account. Approved payments are credited to the account at the financial institution of the recipient organization set up by the recipient during the ASAP enrollment process. Additional information concerning ASAP and enrollment can be obtained by contacting the EPA Research Triangle Park Finance Center (RTPFC), at [rtpfc-grants@epa.gov](mailto:rtpfc-grants@epa.gov) or 919-541-5347, or by visiting: <https://www.fiscal.treasury.gov/asap/>.

EPA will grant exceptions to the ASAP enrollment requirement only in situations in which the recipient demonstrates to EPA that receiving payment via ASAP places an undue administrative or financial management burden on the recipient or EPA determines that granting the waiver is in the public interest. Recipients may request an exception to the requirement by following the procedures specified in [RAIN-2018-G06-R](#).

#### Proper Payment Drawdown (for recipients other than states)

- (a) As required by [2 CFR 200.305\(b\)](#), the recipient must draw funds from ASAP only for the minimum amounts needed for actual and immediate cash requirements to pay employees, contractors, subrecipients or to satisfy other obligations for allowable costs under this assistance agreement. The timing and amounts of the drawdowns must be as close as administratively feasible to actual disbursements of EPA funds. Disbursement within 5 business days of drawdown will comply with this requirement and the recipient agrees to meet this standard when performing this award.

- (b) Recipients may not retain more than 5% of the amount drawn down, or \$1,000 whichever is less, 5 business days after drawdown to materially comply with the standard. Any EPA funds subject to this paragraph that remain undisbursed after 5 business days must be fully disbursed within 15 business days of draw down or be returned to EPA.
- (c) If the recipient draws down EPA funds in excess of that allowed by paragraph b., the recipient must contact [rtpfc-grants@epa.gov](mailto:rtpfc-grants@epa.gov) for instructions on whether to return the funds to EPA. Recipients must comply with the requirements at [2 CFR 200.305\(b\)\(8\) and \(9\)](#) regarding depositing advances of Federal funds in interest bearing accounts.
- (d) Returning Funds: [Pay.gov](#) is the preferred mechanism to return funds. It is free, secure, paperless, expedient, and does not require the recipient/vendor to create an account. Contact RTPFC-Grants at [rtpfc-grants@epa.gov](mailto:rtpfc-grants@epa.gov) to obtain complete instructions. Additional information is available at the [Pay.gov website](#). Information on how to repay EPA via check is available at <https://www.epa.gov/financial/makepayment>. Instructions on how to return funds to EPA electronically via ASAP are available at <https://www.fiscal.treasury.gov/asap/>.
- (e) Failure on the part of the recipient to materially comply with this condition may, in addition to EPA recovery of the un-disbursed portions of the drawn down funds, lead to changing the payment method from advance payment to a reimbursable basis. EPA may also take other remedies for noncompliance under 2 CFR 200.208 and/or 2 CFR 200.339.
- (f) If the recipient believes that there are extraordinary circumstances that prevent it from complying with the 5-business day disbursement requirement throughout the performance period of this agreement, recipients may request an exception to the requirement by following the procedures specified in [RAIN-2018-G06-R](#). EPA will grant exceptions to the 5-business day disbursement requirement only if the recipient demonstrates that compliance places an undue administrative or financial management burden or EPA determines that granting the exception is in the public interest.

### Proper Payment Drawdown for State Recipients

In accordance with [2 CFR 200.305\(a\)](#), payments are governed by Treasury-State Cash Management Improvement Act (CMIA) agreements and default procedures codified at [31 CFR Part 205, Subparts A and B](#) and [Treasury Financial Manual \(TFM\) 4A-2000, “Overall Disbursing Rules for All Federal Agencies”](#) unless a program specific regulation (e.g. 40 CFR 35.3160 or 40 CFR 35.3560) provides otherwise. Pursuant to 31 CFR Part 205, [Subpart A—Rules Applicable to Federal Assistance Programs Included in a Treasury-State Agreement](#), States follow their Treasury-State CMIA Agreement for major Federal programs listed in the agreement. For those programs not listed as major in the Treasury-State agreement, the State follows the default procedures in 31 CFR Part 205, [Subpart B—Rules Applicable to Federal Assistance Programs Not Included in a Treasury-State Agreement](#), which directs State recipients to draw-down and disburse Federal financial assistance funds in anticipation of immediate cash needs of the State for work under the award. States must comply with [2 CFR 200.302\(a\)](#) in reconciling costs incurred and charged to EPA financial assistance agreements at time of close out unless a program specific regulation provides otherwise.

## Selected Items of Cost

### 6. Prohibition on Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment

This term and condition implements 2 CFR 200.216 and is effective for obligations and expenditures of EPA financial assistance funding on or after 8/13/2020.

As required by 2 CFR 200.216, EPA recipients and subrecipients, including borrowers under EPA funded revolving loan fund programs, are prohibited from obligating or expending loan or grant funds to procure or

obtain; extend or renew a contract to procure or obtain; or enter into a contract (or extend or renew a contract) to procure or obtain equipment, services, or systems that use covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system. As described in [Public Law 115-232](#), section 889, covered telecommunications equipment is telecommunications equipment produced by Huawei Technologies Company or ZTE Corporation (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities). Recipients, subrecipients, and borrowers also may not use EPA funds to purchase:

- (a) For the purpose of public safety, security of government facilities, physical security surveillance of critical infrastructure, and other national security purposes, video surveillance and telecommunications equipment produced by Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, or Dahua Technology Company (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities).
- (b) Telecommunications or video surveillance services provided by such entities or using such equipment.
- (c) Telecommunications or video surveillance equipment or services produced or provided by an entity that the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of the National Intelligence or the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, reasonably believes to be an entity owned or controlled by, or otherwise connected to, the government of a covered foreign country.

Consistent with 2 CFR 200.471, costs incurred for telecommunications and video surveillance services or equipment such as phones, internet, video surveillance, and cloud servers are allowable except for the following circumstances:

- (a) Obligating or expending EPA funds for covered telecommunications and video surveillance services or equipment or services as described in 2 CFR 200.216 to:
  - (1) Procure or obtain, extend or renew a contract to procure or obtain;
  - (2) Enter into a contract (or extend or renew a contract) to procure; or
  - (3) Obtain the equipment, services, or systems.

Certain prohibited equipment, systems, or services, including equipment, systems, or services produced or provided by entities identified in section 889, are recorded in the [System for Award Management](#) exclusion list.

## **7. Consultant Cap**

EPA participation in the salary rate (excluding overhead) paid to individual consultants retained by recipients or by a recipient's contractors or subcontractors shall be limited to the maximum daily rate for a Level IV of the Executive Schedule, available at: <https://www.opm.gov/policy-data-oversight/pay-leave/salaries-wages/>, to be adjusted annually. This limit applies to consultation services of designated individuals with specialized skills who are paid at a daily or hourly rate. This rate does not include transportation and subsistence costs for travel performed (the recipient will pay these in accordance with their normal travel reimbursement practices).

Information on how to calculate the maximum daily rate and the daily pay limitation is available at the Office Of Personnel Management's [Fact Sheet: How to Compute Rates of Pay](#) and [Fact Sheet: Expert and Consultant Pay](#). Specifically, to determine the maximum daily rate, follow these steps:

- (1) Divide the Level IV salary by 2087 to determine the hourly rate. Rates must be rounded to the nearest cent, counting one-half cent and over as the next higher cent (e.g., round \$18.845 to \$18.85).
- (2) Multiply the hourly rate by 8 hours. The product is the maximum daily rate.

Contracts and subcontracts with firms for services that are awarded using the procurement requirements in Subpart D of 2 CFR Part 200 are not affected by this limitation unless the terms of the contract provide the

recipient with responsibility for the selection, direction and control of the individuals who will be providing services under the contract at an hourly or daily rate of compensation. See [2 CFR 1500.10](#).

## 8. Establishing and Managing Subawards

If the recipient chooses to pass funds from this assistance agreement to other entities, the recipient must comply with applicable provisions of 2 CFR Part 200 and the [EPA Subaward Policy](#).

As a pass-through entity, the recipient agrees to:

- 1) Be responsible for selecting subrecipients and as appropriate conducting subaward competitions using a system for properly differentiating between subrecipients and procurement contractors under the standards at 2 CFR 200.331 and EPA's supplemental guidance in [Appendix A](#) of the [EPA Subaward Policy](#).
  - (a) For-profit organizations under EPA financial assistance programs and the pass-through entity must obtain prior written approval from EPA's Award Official for subawards to these entities unless the EPA- approved budget and work plan for this agreement contain a precise description of such subawards.
  - (b) Stipends and travel assistance for trainees (including interns) and similar individuals who are not are not employees of the pass-through entity must be classified as participant support costs rather than subawards as provided in [2 CFR 200.1 Participant support costs](#), [2 CFR 200.1 Subaward](#), and EPA's [Guidance on Participant Support Costs](#).
  - (c) Subsidies, rebates and similar payments to participants in EPA funded programs to encourage environmental stewardship are also classified as *Participant support costs* as provided in 2 CFR 1500.1 and EPA's [Guidance on Participant Support Costs](#).
- 2) Establish and follow a system that ensures all subaward agreements are in writing and contain all of the elements required by 2 CFR 200.332(a). EPA has developed a template for subaward agreements that is available in [Appendix D](#) of the [EPA Subaward Policy](#).
- 3) Prior to making subawards, ensure that each subrecipient has a "Unique Entity Identifier (UEI)." The UEI is required by [2 CFR Part 25](#) and [2 CFR 200.332\(a\)\(1\)](#). Subrecipients are not required to complete full System for Award Management (SAM) registration to obtain a UEI. Information regarding obtaining a UEI is available at the SAM Internet site: <https://www.sam.gov/SAM/> and in EPA's General Term and Condition "**System for Award Management and Universal Identifier Requirements**" of the pass-through entity's agreement with the EPA.
- 4) Ensure that subrecipients are aware that they are subject to the same requirements as those that apply to the pass-through entity's EPA award as required by 2 CFR 200.332(a)(2). These requirements include, among others:
  - (a) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act and other Federal statutes and regulations prohibiting discrimination in Federal financial assistance programs, as applicable.
  - (b) Reporting Subawards and Executive Compensation under Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act (FFATA) set forth in the General Condition pass-through entity's agreement with EPA entitled "**Reporting Subawards and Executive Compensation.**"
  - (c) Limitations on individual consultant fees as set forth in 2 CFR 1500.10 and the General Condition of the pass-through entity's agreement with EPA entitled "**Consultant Fee Cap.**"
  - (d) EPA's prohibition on paying management fees as set forth in General Condition of the pass-through entity's agreement with EPA entitled "**Management Fees.**"
  - (e) The Procurement Standards in [2 CFR Part 200](#) including those requiring competition when the subrecipient acquires goods and services from contractors (including consultants).

EPA provides general information on other statutes, regulations and Executive Orders on the Grants internet site at [www.epa.gov/grants](http://www.epa.gov/grants). Many Federal requirements are agreement or program specific and

EPA encourages pass-through entities to review the terms of their assistance agreement carefully and consult with their EPA Project Officer for advice if necessary.

- 5) Ensure, for states and other public recipients, that subawards are not conditioned in a manner that would disadvantage applicants for subawards based on their religious character.
- 6) Establish and follow a system for evaluating subrecipient risks of noncompliance with Federal statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of the subaward as required by 2 CFR 200.332(b) and document the evaluation. Risk factors may include:
  - (a) Prior experience with same or similar subawards
  - (b) Results of previous audits;
  - (c) Whether new or substantially changed personnel or systems, and;
  - (d) Extent and results of Federal awarding agency or the pass-through entity's monitoring
- 7) Establish and follow a process for deciding whether to impose additional requirements on subrecipients based on risk factors as required by 2 CFR 200.332(c). Examples of additional requirements authorized by 2 CFR 200.208 include:
  - (a) Requiring payments as reimbursements rather than advance payments;
  - (b) Withholding authority to proceed to the next phase until receipt of evidence of acceptable performance within a given period of performance;
  - (c) Requiring additional, more detailed financial reports;
  - (d) Requiring additional project monitoring;
  - (e) Requiring the non-Federal entity to obtain technical or management assistance, and
  - (f) Establishing additional prior approvals
- 8) Establish and follow a system for monitoring subrecipient performance that includes the elements required by 2 CFR 200.332(d) and report the results of the monitoring in performance reports as provided in the reporting terms and conditions of this agreement.
- 9) Establish and maintain an accounting system which ensures compliance with the \$25,000 limitation at [2 CFR 200.1, Modified Total Direct Costs, if applicable](#), on including subaward costs in *Modified Total Direct Costs* for the purposes of distributing indirect costs. Recipients with Federally approved indirect cost rates that use a different basis for distributing indirect costs to subawards must comply with their Indirect Cost Rate Agreement.
- 10) Work with EPA's Project Officer to obtain the written consent of EPA's Office of International and Tribal Affairs (OITA), prior to awarding a subaward to a foreign or international organization, or a subaward to be performed in a foreign country even if that subaward is described in a proposed scope of work.
- 11) Obtain written approval from EPA's Award Official for any subawards that are not described in the approved work plan in accordance with [2 CFR 200.308](#).
- 12) Obtain the written approval of EPA's Award Official prior to awarding a subaward to an individual if the EPA-approved scope of work does not include a description of subawards to individuals.
- 13) Establish and follow written procedures under [2 CFR 200.302\(b\)\(7\)](#) for determining that subaward costs are allowable in accordance with [2 CFR Part 200, Subpart E](#) and the terms and conditions of this award. These procedures may provide for allowability determinations on a pre-award basis, through ongoing monitoring of costs that subrecipients incur, or a combination of both approaches provided the pass-through entity documents its determinations.
- 14) Establish and maintain a system under [2 CFR 200.332\(d\)\(3\)](#) and [2 CFR 200.521](#) for issuing management decisions for audits of subrecipients that relate to Federal awards. However, the recipient remains accountable to EPA for ensuring that unallowable subaward costs initially paid by EPA are reimbursed or mitigated through offset with allowable costs whether the recipient recovers those costs from the subrecipient or not.



**15)** As provided in 2 CFR 200.333, pass-through entities must obtain EPA approval to make fixed amount subawards. EPA is restricting the use of fixed amount subawards to a limited number of situations that are authorized in official EPA pilot projects. Recipients should consult with their EPA Project Officer regarding the status of these pilot projects.

By accepting this award, the recipient is certifying that it either has systems in place to comply with the requirements described in Items 1 through 14 above or will refrain from making subawards until the systems are designed and implemented.

#### **9. Management Fees**

Management Fees or similar charges in excess of the direct costs and approved indirect rates are not allowable. The term "management fees or similar charges" refers to expenses added to the direct costs in order to accumulate and reserve funds for ongoing business expenses; unforeseen liabilities; or for other similar costs which are not allowable under this assistance agreement. Management fees or similar charges may not be used to improve or expand the project funded under this agreement, except to the extent authorized as a direct cost of carrying out the scope of work.

#### **10. Federal Employees Costs**

The recipient understands that none of the funds for this project (including funds contributed by the recipient as cost sharing) may be used to pay for the travel of Federal employees or for other costs associated with Federal participation in this project unless a Federal agency will be providing services to the recipient as authorized by a Federal statute.

#### **11. Foreign Travel**

**EPA policy requires that all foreign travel must be approved by its Office of International and Tribal Affairs.** The recipient agrees to obtain prior EPA approval before using funds available under this agreement for international travel unless the trip(s) are already described in the EPA approved budget for this agreement. Foreign travel includes trips to Mexico and Canada but does not include trips to Puerto Rico, the U.S. Territories or possessions. Recipients that request post-award approval to travel frequently to Mexico and Canada by motor vehicle (e.g., for sampling or meetings) may describe their proposed travel in general terms in their request for EPA approval. Requests for prior approval must be submitted to the Project Officer for this agreement.

#### **12. The Fly America Act and Foreign Travel**

The recipient understands that all foreign travel **funded under this assistance agreement** must comply with the Fly America Act. All travel must be on U.S. air carriers certified under 49 U.S.C. Section 40118, to the extent that service by such carriers is available even if foreign air carrier costs are less than the American air carrier.

#### **13. Union Organizing**

Grant funds may not be used to support or oppose union organizing, whether directly or as an offset for other funds.

### **Reporting and Additional Post-Award Requirements**

#### **14. System for Award Management and Universal Identifier Requirements**

- 14.1 Requirement for System for Award Management (SAM)** Unless exempted from this requirement under 2 CFR 25.110, the recipient must maintain current information in the SAM. This includes information on the recipient's immediate and highest level owner and subsidiaries, as well as on all the recipient's predecessors that have been awarded a Federal contract or

Federal financial assistance within the last three years, if applicable, until the submittal of the final financial report required under this award or receipt of the final payment, whichever is later. This requires that the recipient reviews and updates the information at least annually after the initial registration, and more frequently if required by changes in the information or another award term.

**14.2 Requirement for Unique Entity Identifier.** If the recipient is authorized to make subawards under this award, the recipient:

- a. Must notify potential subrecipients that no entity (see definition in paragraph 14.3 of this award term) may receive a subaward unless the entity has provided its Unique Entity Identifier.
- b. May not make a subaward to an entity unless the entity has provided its Unique Entity Identifier. Subrecipients are not required to obtain an active SAM registration but must obtain a Unique Entity Identifier.

**14.3 Definitions.** For the Purpose of this award term:

- a. System for Award Management (SAM) means the Federal repository into which an entity must provide information required for the conduct of business as a recipient. Additional information about registration procedures may be found at the SAM Internet site: <https://www.sam.gov/SAM/>.
- b. **Unique Entity Identifier** means the identifier assigned by SAM to uniquely identify business entities
- c. **Entity** includes non-Federal entities as defined as 2 CFR 200.1 and also includes all of the following:
  - 14.3.c.1. A foreign organization;
  - 14.3.c.2. A foreign public entity;
  - 14.3.c.3. A domestic for-profit organization; and
  - 14.3.c.4. A domestic or foreign for-profit organization; and
  - 14.3.c.5. A Federal agency.
- d. **Subaward** is defined at 2 CFR 200.1
- e. **Subrecipient** is defined at 2 CFR 200.1

**15. Reporting Subawards and Executive Compensation**

**15.1 Reporting of first-tier subawards.**

- a. **Applicability.** Unless the recipient is exempt as provided in paragraph 15.4. of this award term, the recipient must report each action that obligates \$30,000 or more in Federal funds for a subaward to a non-Federal entity or Federal agency (see definitions in paragraph 15.5 of this award term).
- b. **Where and When to Report.** (1) The recipient must report each obligating action described in paragraph 15.1.a of this award term to [www.fsrs.gov](http://www.fsrs.gov). (2) For subaward information, report no later than the end of the month following the month in which the obligation was made. (For example, if the obligation was made on any date during the month of November of a given year, the obligation must be reported by no later than December 31 of that year.)
- c. **What to Report.** The recipient must report the information about each obligating action as described in the submission instructions available at: <http://www.fsrs.gov>.

**15.2 Reporting Total Compensation of Recipient Executives.**

- a. **Applicability and What to Report.** The recipient must report total compensation for each of their five most highly compensated executives for the preceding completed fiscal year, if:

**15.2.a.1.** The total Federal funding authorized to date under this award is \$30,000 or more;

**15.2.a.2.** In the preceding fiscal year, the recipient received: (i.) 80 percent or more of their annual gross revenues from Federal procurement contracts (and subcontracts) and Federal financial assistance subject to the Transparency Act, as defined at 2 CFR 170.320 (and subawards); (ii.) and \$25,000,000 or more in annual gross revenues from Federal procurement contracts (and subcontracts) and Federal financial assistance subject to the Transparency Act, as defined at 2 CFR 170.320 (and subawards); and

**15.2.a.3.** The public does not have access to information about the compensation of the executives through periodic reports filed under section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m(a), 78o(d)) or section 6104 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. (To determine if the public has access to the compensation information, see the U.S. Security and Exchange Commission total compensation filings at: [http:// www.sec.gov/answers/execomp.htm](http://www.sec.gov/answers/execomp.htm).)

- b. Where and When to Report.** The recipient must report executive total compensation described in paragraph 15.2.a of this award term: (i.) As part of the registration System for Award Management profile available at <https://www.sam.gov/SAM/> (ii.) By the end of the month following the month in which this award is made, and annually thereafter.

### **15.3 Reporting Total Compensation of Subrecipient Executives.**

- a. Applicability and What to Report.** Unless exempt as provided in paragraph 15.4. of this award term, for each first-tier non-Federal entity subrecipient under this award, the recipient shall report the names and total compensation of each of the subrecipient's five most highly compensated executives for the subrecipient's preceding completed fiscal year, if:

**15.3.a.1.** In the subrecipient's preceding fiscal year, the subrecipient received: (i.) 80 percent or more of its annual gross revenues from Federal procurement contracts (and subcontracts) and Federal financial assistance subject to the Transparency Act, as defined at 2 CFR 170.320 (and subawards); and (ii.) \$25,000,000 or more in annual gross revenues from Federal procurement contracts (and subcontracts), and Federal financial assistance subject to the Transparency Act (and subawards); and

**15.3.a.2.** The public does not have access to information about the compensation of the executives through periodic reports filed under section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m(a), 78o(d)) or section 6104 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. (To determine if the public has access to the compensation information, see the U.S. Security and Exchange Commission total compensation filings at: [http:// www.sec.gov/answers/execomp.htm](http://www.sec.gov/answers/execomp.htm).)

- b. Where and When to Report.** The recipient must report subrecipient executive total compensation described in paragraph 15.3.a. of this award term:

**15.3.b.1.** To the recipient.

**15.3.b.2.** By the end of the month following the month during which the recipient makes the subaward. For example, if a subaward is obligated on any date during the month of October of a given year (i.e., between October 1 and 31), the recipient must report any required compensation information of the subrecipient by November 30 of that year.

### **15.4 Exemptions**

- a.** If, in the previous tax year, the recipient had gross income, from all sources, under \$300,000, the recipient is exempt from the requirements to report:



**15.4.a.1.** (i) subawards, and (ii) the total compensation of the five most highly compensated executives of any subrecipient.

**15.5 Definitions.** For purposes of this award term:

- a. Federal Agency** means a Federal agency as defined at 5 U.S.C. 551(1) and further clarified by 5 U.S.C 552(f).
- b. Non-Federal entity** means all of the following, as defined in 2 CFR Part 25: (i.) A Governmental organization, which is a State, local government, or Indian tribe; (ii.) A foreign public entity; (iii.) A domestic or foreign nonprofit organization; and (iv.) A domestic or foreign for-profit organization.
- c. Executive** means officers, managing partners, or any other employees in management positions.
- d. Subaward:**
  - 15.5.d.1.** This term means a legal instrument to provide support for the performance of any portion of the substantive project or program for which you received this award and that you as the recipient award to an eligible subrecipient.
  - 15.5.d.2.** The term does not include procurement of property and services needed to carry out the project or program (for further explanation, see 2 CFR 200.331).
  - 15.5.d.3.** A subaward may be provided through any legal agreement, including an agreement that the recipient or a subrecipient considers a contract.
- e. Subrecipient** means a non-Federal entity or Federal agency that:
  - 15.5.e.1.** Receives a subaward from the recipient under this award; and
  - 15.5.e.2.** Is accountable to the recipient for the use of the Federal funds provided by the subaward.
- f. Total compensation** means the cash and noncash dollar value earned by the executive during the recipient's or subrecipient's preceding fiscal year and includes the following (for more information see 17 CFR 229.402(c)(2)):
  - 15.5.f.1.** Salary and bonus.
  - 15.5.f.2.** Awards of stock, stock options and stock appreciation rights. Use the dollar amount recognized for financial statement reporting purposes with respect to the fiscal year in accordance with the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (Revised 2004) (FAS 123R), Shared Based Payments.
  - 15.5.f.3.** Earnings for services under non-equity incentive plans. This does not include group life, health, hospitalization or medical reimbursement plans that do not discriminate in favor of executives and are available generally to all salaried employees.
  - 15.5.f.4.** Change in pension value. This is the change in present value of defined benefit and actuarial pension plans.
  - 15.5.f.5.** Above-market earnings on deferred compensation which is not tax-qualified.
  - 15.5.f.6.** Other compensation, if the aggregate value of all such other compensation (e.g., severance, termination payments, value of life insurance paid on behalf of the employee, perquisites or property) for the executive exceeds \$10,000.

**16. Recipient Integrity and Performance Matters – Reporting of Matters Related to Recipient Integrity and Performance**

**16.1 General Reporting Requirement**

If the total value of your currently active grants, cooperative agreements, and procurement contracts from all Federal awarding agencies exceeds \$10,000,000 for any period of time during the period of performance of this Federal award, then you as the recipient during that period of time must maintain the currency of information reported to the System for Award Management

(SAM) that is made available in the designated integrity and performance system (currently the Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS)) about civil, criminal, or administrative proceedings described in paragraph 2 of this award term and condition. This is a statutory requirement under section 872 of Public Law 110-417, as amended (41 U.S.C. 2313). As required by section 3010 of Public Law 111-212, all information posted in the designated integrity and performance system on or after April 15, 2011, except past performance reviews required for Federal procurement contracts, will be publicly available.

## **16.2 Proceedings About Which You Must Report**

Submit the information required about each proceeding that:

- a. Is in connection with the award or performance of a grant, cooperative agreement, or procurement contract from the Federal Government;
- b. Reached its final disposition during the most recent five-year period; and
- c. Is one of the following:
  - 16.2.c.1.** A criminal proceeding that resulted in a conviction, as defined in paragraph 5 of this award term and condition;
  - 16.2.c.2.** A civil proceeding that resulted in a finding of fault and liability and payment of a monetary fine, penalty, reimbursement, restitution, or damages of \$5,000 or more;
  - 16.2.c.3.** An administrative proceeding, as defined in paragraph 5. of this award term and condition, that resulted in a finding of fault and liability and your payment of either a monetary fine or penalty of \$5,000 or more or reimbursement, restitution, or damages in excess of \$100,000; or
  - 16.2.c.4.** Any other criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding if:
    - 16.2.c.4.1.** It could have led to an outcome described in paragraph 16.2.c.1, 16.2.c.2, or 16.2.c.3 of this award term and condition;
    - 16.2.c.4.2.** It had a different disposition arrived at by consent or compromise with an acknowledgment of fault on your part; and
    - 16.2.c.4.3.** The requirement in this award term and condition to disclose information about the proceeding does not conflict with applicable laws and regulations.

## **16.3 Reporting Procedures**

Enter in SAM Entity Management area the information that SAM requires about each proceeding described in paragraph 2 of this award term and condition. You do not need to submit the information a second time under assistance awards that you received if you already provided the information through SAM because you were required to do so under Federal procurement contracts that you were awarded.

## **16.4 Reporting Frequency**

During any period of time when you are subject to the requirement in paragraph 16.1 of this award term and condition, you must report proceedings information through SAM for the most recent five-year period, either to report new information about any proceeding(s) that you have not reported previously or affirm that there is no new information to report. Recipients that have Federal contract, grant, and cooperative agreement awards with a cumulative total value greater than \$10,000,000 must disclose semiannually any information about the criminal, civil, and administrative proceedings.

## **16.5 Definitions**

For purposes of this award term and condition:

- a. Administrative proceeding means a non-judicial process that is adjudicatory in nature in order to make a determination of fault or liability (*e.g.*, Securities and Exchange

Commission Administrative proceedings, Civilian Board of Contract Appeals proceedings, and Armed Services Board of Contract Appeals proceedings). This includes proceedings at the Federal and State level but only in connection with performance of a Federal contract or grant. It does not include audits, site visits, corrective plans, or inspection of deliverables.

- b. Conviction, for purposes of this award term and condition, means a judgment or conviction of a criminal offense by any court of competent jurisdiction, whether entered upon a verdict or a plea, and includes a conviction entered upon a plea of nolo contendere.
- c. Total value of currently active grants, cooperative agreements, and procurement contracts includes –
  - 16.5.c.1.** Only the Federal share of the funding under any Federal award with a recipient cost share or match; and
  - 16.5.c.2.** The value of all expected funding increments under a Federal award and options, even if not yet exercised.

## **17. Federal Financial Reporting (FFR)**

Pursuant to 2 CFR 200.328 and 2 CFR 200.344, EPA recipients must submit the Federal Financial Report (SF-425) at least annually and no more frequently than quarterly. EPA's standard reporting frequency is annual unless an EPA Region has included an additional term and condition specifying greater reporting frequency within this award document. EPA recipients must submit the SF-425 no later than 30 calendar days after the end of each specified reporting period for quarterly and semi-annual reports and 90 calendar days for annual reports. Final reports are due no later than 120 calendar days after the end date of the period of performance of the award. Extension of reporting due dates may be approved by EPA when requested and justified by the recipient. The FFR form is available on the internet at: <https://www.epa.gov/grants/sf-425-federal-financial-report>. All FFRs must be submitted to the Research Triangle Park Finance Center (RTPFC) via email at [rtpfc-grants@epa.gov](mailto:rtpfc-grants@epa.gov) or mail it to:

US Environmental Protection Agency  
RTP-Finance Center (Mail Code AA216-01)  
4930 Page Rd.  
Durham, NC 27703

The RTPFC will make adjustments as necessary, to obligated funds after reviewing and accepting a final Federal Financial Report. Recipients will be notified and instructed by EPA if they must complete any additional forms for the closeout of the assistance agreement.

## **18. Indirect Cost Rate Agreements**

This term and condition provides requirements for recipients using EPA funds for indirect costs and applies to all EPA assistance agreements unless there are [statutory or regulatory limits on IDCs](#). See also [EPA's Indirect Cost Policy for Recipients of EPA Assistance Agreements](#) (IDC Policy).

In order for the assistance agreement recipient to use EPA funding for indirect costs, the IDC category of the recipient's assistance agreement award budget must include an amount for IDCs and at least one of the following must apply:

- With the exception of "exempt" agencies and Institutions of Higher Education as noted below, all recipients must have one of the following current (not expired) IDC rates, including IDC rates that have been extended by the cognizant agency:
  - Provisional

- Final
- Fixed rate with carry-forward
- Predetermined
- 10% *de minimis* rate of modified total direct costs authorized by 2 CFR 200.414(f)
- EPA-approved use of an expired fixed rate with carry-forward on an exception basis, as detailed in section 6.4.a. of the IDC Policy
- “Exempt” state of local governmental departments or agencies are agencies that receive up to and including \$35,000,000 in Federal funding per the department or agency’s fiscal year, and must have an IDC rate proposal developed in accordance with 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix VII, with documentation maintained and available for audit.
- Institutions of Higher Education must use the IDC rate in place at the time of award for the life of the assistance agreement (unless the rate was provisional at time of award, in which case the rate will change once it becomes final). As provided by 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix III(C)(7), the term “life of the assistance agreement”, means each competitive segment of the project. Additional information is available in the regulation.

IDCs incurred during any period of the assistance agreement that are not covered by the provisions above are not allowable costs and must not be drawn down by the recipient. Recipients may budget for IDCs if they have submitted a proposed IDC rate to their cognizant Federal agency or requested an exception from EPA under subsection 6.4 of the IDC Policy. However, recipients may not draw down IDCs until their rate is approved, if applicable, or EPA grants an exception. IDC drawdowns must comply with the indirect rate corresponding to the period during which the costs were incurred.

This term and condition does not govern indirect rates for subrecipients or recipient procurement contractors under EPA assistance agreements. Pass-through entities are required to comply with 2 CFR 200.332(a)(4)(i) and (ii) when establishing indirect cost rates for subawards.

## 19. Audit Requirements

In accordance with [2 CFR 200.501](#)(a), the recipient hereby agrees to obtain a single audit from an independent auditor, if their organization expends \$750,000 or more in total Federal funds in their fiscal year for that year.

The recipient must submit the form SF-SAC and a Single Audit Report Package within 9 months of the end of the recipient’s fiscal year or 30 days after receiving the report from an independent auditor. The SF-SAC and a Single Audit Report Package MUST be submitted using the Federal Audit Clearinghouse’s Internet Data Entry System available at: <https://facides.census.gov/>.

For complete information on how to accomplish the single audit submissions, the recipient will need to visit the Federal Audit Clearinghouse Web site: <https://facweb.census.gov/>

## 20. Closeout Requirements

Reports required for closeout of the assistance agreement must be submitted in accordance with this agreement. Submission requirements and frequently asked questions can also be found at:

<https://www.epa.gov/grants/frequent-questions-about-closeouts>

## 21. Suspension and Debarment

Recipient shall fully comply with Subpart C of 2 C.F.R. Part 180 entitled, “Responsibilities of Participants Regarding Transactions Doing Business With Other Persons,” as implemented and supplemented by 2 C.F.R. Part 1532. Recipient is responsible for ensuring that any lower tier covered transaction, as described in Subpart B of 2 C.F.R. Part 180, entitled “Covered Transactions,” and 2 C.F.R. § 1532.220, includes a term or condition

requiring compliance with 2 C.F.R. Part 180, Subpart C. Recipient is responsible for further requiring the inclusion of a similar term and condition in any subsequent lower tier covered transactions. Recipient acknowledges that failing to disclose the information required under 2 C.F.R. § 180.335 to the EPA office that is entering into the transaction with the recipient may result in the delay or negation of this assistance agreement, or pursuance of administrative remedies, including suspension and debarment. Recipients may access the System for Award Management (SAM) exclusion list at <https://sam.gov/SAM/> to determine whether an entity or individual is presently excluded or disqualified.

## **22. Representation by Corporations Regarding Delinquent Tax Liability or a Felony Conviction under any Federal Law**

This award is subject to the provisions contained in an appropriations act(s) which prohibits the Federal Government from entering into a contract, memorandum of understanding, or cooperative agreement with, make a grant to, or provide a loan or loan guarantee to any corporation having a delinquent Federal tax liability or a felony conviction under any Federal law, unless the agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and has made a determination that this further action is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government. A “corporation” is a legal entity that is separate and distinct from the entities that own, manage, or control it. It is organized and incorporated under the jurisdictional authority of a governmental body, such as a State or the District of Columbia. A corporation may be a for-profit or non-profit organization.

As required by the appropriations act(s) prohibitions, the Government will not enter into a contract, memorandum of understanding, or cooperative agreement with, make a grant to, or provide a loan or loan guarantee with any corporation that — (1) Has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability, where the awarding agency is aware of the unpaid tax liability, unless an agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and made a determination that suspension or debarment is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government; or (2) Was convicted of a felony criminal violation under any Federal law within the preceding 24 months, where the awarding agency is aware of the conviction, unless an agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and made a determination that this action is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government.

By accepting this award, the recipient represents that it is not a corporation that has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability; and it is not a corporation that was convicted of a felony criminal violation under a Federal law within the preceding 24 months.

Alternatively, by accepting this award, the recipient represents that it disclosed unpaid Federal tax liability information and/or Federal felony conviction information to the EPA. The recipient may accept this award if the EPA Suspension and Debarment Official has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation based on tax liabilities and/or Federal felony convictions and determined that suspension or debarment is not necessary to protect the Government’s interests.

If the recipient fails to comply with this term and condition, EPA will annul this agreement and may recover any funds the recipient has expended in violation of the appropriations act(s) prohibition(s). The EPA may also pursue other administrative remedies as outlined in 2 CFR 200.339 and 2 CFR 200.340, and may also pursue suspension and debarment.

## **23. Disclosing Conflict of Interest**

### **23.1 For Award to Non-Federal Entities and Individuals (other than states and fellowship recipients under 40 CFR Part 46)**

As required by 2 CFR 200.112, EPA has established a policy (COI Policy) for disclosure of conflicts of interest (COI) that may affect EPA financial assistance awards. EPA's COI Policy is posted at <https://www.epa.gov/grants/epas-financial-assistance-conflict-interest-policy>. The posted version of EPA's COI Policy is applicable to new funding (initial awards, supplemental and incremental funding) awarded on or after October 1, 2015.

For competitive awards, recipients must disclose any competition related COI described in section 4.0(a) of the COI Policy that are discovered after award to the EPA Grants Specialist listed on the Assistance Agreement/Amendment within 30 calendar days of discovery of the COI. The Grants Specialist will respond to any such disclosure within 30 calendar days.

EPA's COI Policy requires that recipients have systems in place to address, resolve and disclose to EPA COIs described in sections 4.0(b), (c) and/or (d) of the COI Policy that affect any contract or subaward regardless of amount funded under this award. The recipient's COI Point of Contact for the award must disclose any COI to the EPA Grants Specialist listed on the Assistance Agreement/Amendment within 30 calendar days of the discovery of the potential COI and their approach for resolving the COI.

EPA's COI Policy requires that subrecipients have systems in place to address, resolve and disclose COI's described in section 4.0(b)(c) and (d) of the COI Policy regardless of the amount of the transaction. Recipients who are pass-through entities as defined at 2 CFR 200.1 must require that subrecipients being considered for or receiving subawards disclose COI to the pass-through entities in a manner that, at a minimum, is in accordance with sections 5.0(d) and 7.0(c) of EPA's COI Policy. Pass-through entities must disclose the subrecipient COI along with the approach for resolving the COI to the EPA Grants Specialist listed on the Assistance Agreement/Amendment within 30 calendar days of receiving notification of the COI by the subrecipient.

EPA only requires that recipients and subrecipients disclose COI's that are discovered under their systems for addressing and resolving COI. If recipients or subrecipients do not discover a COI, they do not need to advise EPA or the pass-through entity of the absence of a COI.

Upon notice from the recipient of a potential COI and the approach for resolving it, the Agency will then make a determination regarding the effectiveness of these measures within 30 days of receipt of the recipient's notice unless a longer period is necessary due to the complexity of the matter. Recipients may not request payment from EPA for costs for transactions subject to the COI pending notification of EPA's determination. Failure to disclose a COI may result in cost disallowances.

Disclosure of potential COI will not necessarily result in EPA disallowing costs, with the exception of procurement contracts that the Agency determines violate 2 CFR 200.318(c)(1) or (2), provided the recipient notifies EPA of measures the recipient or subrecipient has taken to eliminate, neutralize or mitigate the conflict of interest when making the disclosure.

## 23.2

### **For Awards to States Including State Universities that are State Agencies or Instrumentalities**

As required by 2 CFR 200.112, EPA has established a policy (COI Policy) for disclosure of conflicts of interest (COI) that may affect EPA financial assistance awards. EPA's COI Policy is posted at: <https://www.epa.gov/grants/epas-financial-assistance-conflict-interest-policy>. The posted version of EPA's COI Policy is applicable to new funding (initial awards, supplemental, incremental funding) awarded on or after October 1, 2015.

For competitive awards, recipients must disclose any competition related COI described in section 4.0(a) of the COI Policy that are discovered after award to the EPA Grants Specialist listed on the Assistance Agreement/Amendment within 30 calendar days of discovery of the COI. The Grants Specialist will respond to any such disclosure within 30 calendar days.

States including state universities that are state agencies and instrumentalities receiving funding from EPA are only required to disclose subrecipient COI as a pass-through entity as defined by 2 CFR 200.1. Any other COI are subject to state laws, regulations and policies. EPA's COI Policy requires that subrecipients have systems in place to address, resolve and disclose COIs described in section 4.0(b)(c) and (d) of the COI Policy that arise after EPA made the award regardless of the amount of the transaction. States who are pass-through entities as defined at 2 CFR 200.1 must require that subrecipients being considered for or receiving subawards disclose COI to the state in a manner that, as a minimum, in accordance with sections 5.0(d) and 7.0(c) of EPA's COI Policy. States must disclose the subrecipient COI along with the approach for resolving the COI to the EPA Grants Specialist listed on the Assistance Agreement/Amendment within 30 calendar days of receiving notification of the COI by the subrecipient.

EPA only requires that subrecipients disclose COI's to state pass-through entities that are discovered under their systems for addressing, resolving, and disclosing COI. If subrecipients do not discover a COI, they do not need to advise state pass-through entities of the absence of a COI.

Upon receiving notice of a potential COI and the approach for resolving it, the Agency will make a determination regarding the effectiveness of these measures within 30 days of receipt of the state's notice of a subrecipient COI unless a longer period is necessary due to the complexity of the matter. States may not request payment from EPA for costs for transactions subject to the COI pending notification of EPA's determination. A subrecipient's failure to disclose a COI to the state and EPA may result in cost disallowances.

Disclosure of potential subrecipient COI will not necessarily result in EPA disallowing costs, with the exception of procurement contracts that the Agency determines violate 2 CFR 200.318(c)(1) or (2), provided the subrecipient has taken measures that EPA and the state agree eliminate, neutralize or mitigate the conflict of interest.

## **24. Transfer of Funds**

### **24.1 Transfer of Funds**

**Applicable to all assistance agreements other than Continuing Environmental Program Grants subject to 40 CFR 35.114 and 40 CFR 35.514 when EPA's share of the total project costs exceeds the Simplified Acquisition Threshold. Simplified Acquisition Threshold is defined at 2 CFR 200.1 and is currently set at \$250,000 but the amount is subject to adjustment.**



- (1) As provided at 2 CFR 200.308(f), the recipient must obtain prior approval from EPA's Grants Management Officer if the cumulative amount of funding transfers among direct budget categories or programs, functions and activities exceeds 10% of the total budget. Recipients must submit requests for prior approval to the Grant Specialist and Grants Management Officer with a copy to the Project Officer for this agreement.
- (2) Recipients must notify EPA's Grant Specialist and Project Officer of cumulative funding transfers among direct budget categories or programs, functions and activities that do not exceed 10% of the total budget for the agreement. Prior approval by EPA's Grant Management Officer is required if the transfer involves any of the items listed in 2 CFR 200.407 that EPA did not previously approve at time of award or in response to a previous post-award request by the recipient.

#### **24.2 Post-Award Changes for Continuing Environmental Program Grants**

**Applicable to Continuing Environmental Program Grants subject to 40 CFR 35.114 and 40 CFR 35.514 when EPA's share of the total project costs exceeds the Simplified Acquisition Threshold. Simplified Acquisition Threshold is defined at 2 CFR 200.1 and is currently set at \$250,000 but the amount is subject to adjustment.**

To determine if a post-award change in work plan commitments is significant and requires prior written approval for the purposes of [40 CFR §35.114\(a\)](#) or [40 CFR §35.514\(a\)](#), the recipient agrees to consult the EPA Project Officer (PO) before making the change. The term work plan commitments is defined at [40 CFR §35.102](#). If the PO determines the change is significant, the recipient cannot make the change without prior written approval by the EPA Award Official or Grants Management Officer.

The recipient must obtain written approval from the EPA Award Official prior to transferring funds from one budget category to another if the EPA Award Official determines that such transfer significantly changes work plan commitment(s). All transfers must be reported in required performance reports. In addition, unless approved with the budget at the time of award, Continuing Environmental Program (CEP) recipients must also obtain prior written approval from the EPA Award Official or Grants Management Officer to use EPA funds for directly charging compensation for administrative and clerical personnel under 2 CFR 200.413(c) and the General Provisions for Selected Items of Cost allowability at 2 CFR 200.420 through 200.476 as supplemented by [EPA's Guidance on Selected Items of Cost](#). The recipient is not required to obtain prior written approval from the EPA Award Official for other items requiring prior EPA approval listed in [2 CFR §§ 200.407](#).

#### **25. Electronic/Digital Signatures on Financial Assistance Agreement Form(s)/Document(s)**

Throughout the life of this assistance agreement, the recipient agrees to ensure that any form(s)/document(s) required to be signed by the recipient and submitted to EPA through any means including but not limited to hard copy via U.S. mail or express mail, hand delivery or through electronic means such as e-mail are: (1) signed by the individual identified on the form/document, and (2) the signer has the authority to sign the form/document for the recipient. Submission of any signed form(s)/document(s) is subject to any provisions of law on making false statements (e.g., 18 U.S.C. 1001).

#### **26. Extension of Project/Budget Period Expiration Date**

EPA has not exercised the waiver option to allow automatic one-time extensions for non-research grants under [2 CFR 200.308\(e\)\(2\)](#). Therefore, if a no-cost time extension is necessary to extend the period of availability of funds, the recipient must submit a written request to the EPA prior to the budget/project period expiration dates. **The written request must include:** a justification describing the need for additional time, an estimated date of completion, and a revised schedule for project completion including updated milestone target dates for the approved workplan activities. In addition, if there are overdue reports required by the general,



administrative, and/or programmatic terms and conditions of this assistance agreement, the recipient must ensure that they are submitted along with or prior to submitting the no-cost time extension request.

## **27. Utilization of Disadvantaged Business Enterprises**

### **General Compliance, 40 CFR, Part 33**

The recipient agrees to comply with the requirements of EPA's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Program for procurement activities under assistance agreements, contained in 40 CFR, Part 33.

The following text provides updates to 40 CFR, Part 33 based upon the associated class exception or highlights a requirement.

**1) EPA MBE/WBE CERTIFICATION, 40 CFR, Part 33, Subpart B**

EPA no longer certifies entities as Minority-Owned Business Entities (MBEs) or Women-Owned Business Entities (WBEs) pursuant to a class exception issued in October 2019. The class exception was authorized pursuant to the authority in 2 CFR, Section 1500.4(b).

**2) SIX GOOD FAITH EFFORTS, 40 CFR, Part 33, Subpart C**

Pursuant to 40 CFR Section 33.301, the recipient agrees to make good faith efforts whenever procuring construction, equipment, services and supplies under an EPA financial assistance agreement, and to require that sub-recipients, loan recipients, and prime contractors also comply. Records documenting compliance with the six good faith efforts shall be retained. The specific six good faith efforts can be found at: [40 CFR Section 33.301 \(a\)-\(f\)](#).

However, in EPA assistance agreements that are for the benefit of Native Americans, the recipient must solicit and recruit Native American organizations and Native American-owned economic enterprises and give them preference in the award process prior to undertaking the six good faith efforts ([40 CFR Section 33.304](#)). If recruiting efforts are unsuccessful, the recipient must follow the six good faith efforts.

**3) CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION PROVISIONS, 40 CFR, Section 33.302**

The recipient agrees to comply with the contract administration provisions of [40 CFR Section 33.302 \(a\)-\(d\) and \(i\)](#).

**4) BIDDERS LIST, 40 CFR Section 33.501(b) and (c)**

Recipients of a Continuing Environmental Program Grant or other annual reporting grant, agree to create and maintain a bidders list. Recipients of an EPA financial assistance agreement to capitalize a revolving loan fund also agree to require entities receiving identified loans to create and maintain a bidders list if the recipient of the loan is subject to, or chooses to follow, competitive bidding requirements. Please see 40 CFR Section 33.501 (b) and (c) for specific requirements and exemptions.

**5) FAIR SHARE OBJECTIVES, 40 CFR, Part 33, Subpart D**

In June 2023, EPA reinstated the requirements under 40 CFR, Part 33, Subpart D. Unless the recipient is exempted from these requirements as outlined in 40 CFR 33.411, the recipient agrees to submit fair share objectives for EPA approval within 120 days of acceptance of this award, and, once approved, apply them to procurements under this award in accordance with Subpart D. See [RAIN-2023-G02](#) for information on EPA's reinstatement of the fair share objectives.

**6) MBE/WBE REPORTING, 40 CFR, Part 33, Subpart E**

When required, the recipient agrees to complete and submit a "MBE/WBE Utilization Under Federal Grants and Cooperative Agreements" report (EPA Form 5700-52A) on an annual basis. The current EPA Form 5700-52A can be found at the EPA Grantee Forms Page at [https://www.epa.gov/system/files/documents/2021-08/epa\\_form\\_5700\\_52a.pdf](https://www.epa.gov/system/files/documents/2021-08/epa_form_5700_52a.pdf).

Reporting is required for assistance agreements where funds are budgeted for procuring construction, equipment, services and supplies (including funds budgeted for direct procurement by the recipient or procurement under subawards or loans in the “Other” category) with a cumulative total that exceed the Simplified Acquisition Threshold (SAT) (currently, \$250,000 however the threshold will be automatically revised whenever the SAT is adjusted; See 2 CFR Section 200.1), including amendments and/or modifications. When reporting is required, all procurement actions are reportable, not just the portion which exceeds the SAT.

**Annual reports are due by October 30<sup>th</sup> of each year. Final reports are due 120 days after the end of the project period.**

This provision represents an approved exception from the MBE/WBE reporting requirements as described in 40 CFR Section 33.502

**7) MBE/WBE RECORDKEEPING, 40 CFR, Part 33, Subpart E**

The recipient agrees to comply with all recordkeeping requirements as stipulated in 40 CFR, Part 33, Subpart E including creating and maintain a bidders list, when required. Any document created as a record to demonstrate compliance with any requirements of 40 CFR, Part 33 must be maintained pursuant to the requirements stated in this Subpart.

## **Programmatic General Terms and Conditions**

### **28. Sufficient Progress**

EPA will measure sufficient progress by examining the performance required under the workplan in conjunction with the milestone schedule, the time remaining for performance within the project period and/or the availability of funds necessary to complete the project. EPA may terminate the assistance agreement for failure to ensure reasonable completion of the project within the project period.

### **29. Copyrighted Material and Data**

In accordance with [2 CFR 200.315](#), EPA has the right to reproduce, publish, use and authorize others to reproduce, publish and use copyrighted works or other data developed under this assistance agreement for Federal purposes.

Examples of a Federal purpose include but are not limited to: (1) Use by EPA and other Federal employees for official Government purposes; (2) Use by Federal contractors performing specific tasks for [i.e., authorized by] the Government; (3) Publication in EPA documents provided the document does not disclose trade secrets (e.g. software codes) and the work is properly attributed to the recipient through citation or otherwise; (4)

Reproduction of documents for inclusion in Federal depositories; (5) Use by State, tribal and local governments that carry out delegated Federal environmental programs as “co-regulators” or act as official partners with EPA to carry out a national environmental program within their jurisdiction and; (6) Limited use by other grantees to carry out Federal grants provided the use is consistent with the terms of EPA’s authorization to the other grantee to use the copyrighted works or other data.

Under Item 6, the grantee acknowledges that EPA may authorize another grantee(s) to use the copyrighted works or other data developed under this grant as a result of:

- The selection of another grantee by EPA to perform a project that will involve the use of the copyrighted works or other data, or
- Termination or expiration of this agreement.

In addition, EPA may authorize another grantee to use copyrighted works or other data developed with Agency funds provided under this grant to perform another grant when such use promotes efficient and effective use of Federal grant funds.

### **30. Patents and Inventions**

Rights to inventions made under this assistance agreement are subject to federal patent and licensing regulations, which are codified at Title 37 CFR Part 401 and Title 35 USC Sections 200-212.

Pursuant to the Bayh-Dole Act (set forth in 35 USC 200-212), EPA retains the right to a worldwide, nonexclusive, nontransferable, irrevocable, paid-up license to practice the invention owned by the assistance agreement holder, as defined in the Act. To streamline the invention reporting process and to facilitate compliance with the Bayh-Dole Act, the recipient must utilize the Interagency Edison extramural invention reporting system at <https://www.nist.gov/iedison>. Annual utilization reports must be submitted through the system. The recipient is required to notify the Project Officer identified on the award document when an invention report, patent report, or utilization report is filed at <https://www.nist.gov/iedison>. EPA elects not to require the recipient to provide a report prior to the close-out of a funding agreement listing all subject inventions or stating that there were none.

In accordance with Executive Order 12591, as amended, government owned and operated laboratories can enter into cooperative research and development agreements with other federal laboratories, state and local governments, universities, and the private sector, and license, assign, or waive rights to intellectual property “developed by the laboratory either under such cooperative research or development agreements and from within individual laboratories.”

### **31. Acknowledgement Requirements for Non-ORD Assistance Agreements**

The recipient agrees that any reports, documents, publications or other materials developed for public distribution supported by this assistance agreement shall contain the following statement:

Recipients of EPA Office of Research Development (ORD) research awards must follow the acknowledgement requirements outlined in the research T&Cs available at: <https://www.nsf.gov/awards/managing/rtc.jsp>. In accordance with the [Research Terms and Conditions Overlay to the Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards \(Uniform Guidance\)](#), 2 CFR §200, recipients of EPA ORD research must abide by the research T&Cs.

### **32. Electronic and Information Technology Accessibility**

Recipients are subject to the program accessibility provisions of Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, codified in 40 CFR Part 7, which includes an obligation to provide individuals with disabilities reasonable accommodations and an equal and effective opportunity to benefit from or participate in a program, including those offered through electronic and information technology (“EIT”). In compliance with Section 504, EIT systems or products funded by this award must be designed to meet the diverse needs of users (e.g., U.S. public, recipient personnel) without barriers or diminished function or quality. Systems shall include usability features or functions that accommodate the needs of persons with disabilities, including those who use assistive technology. At this time, the EPA will consider a recipient’s websites, interactive tools, and other EIT as being in compliance with Section 504 if such technologies meet standards established under Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act, codified at 36 CFR Part 1194. While Section 508 does not apply directly to grant recipients, we encourage recipients to follow either the 508 guidelines or other comparable guidelines that concern accessibility to EIT for individuals with disabilities.

Recipients may wish to consult the latest Section 508 guidelines issued by the U.S. Access Board or W3C's Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG) 2.0 (see <https://www.access-board.gov/about/policy/accessibility.html>).

### 33. Human Subjects

Human subjects research is any activity that meets the regulatory definitions of both research AND human subject. *Research* is a systematic investigation, including research development, testing and evaluation, designed to develop or contribute to generalizable knowledge. *Human subject* means a living individual about whom an investigator (whether professional or student) conducting research obtains (1) data through intervention or interaction with the individual, or (2) identifiable private information. [40 CFR 26.102 (d)(f)]

No research involving human subjects will be conducted under this agreement without prior written approval of the EPA to proceed with that research. If engaged in human subjects research as part of this agreement, the recipient agrees to comply with all applicable provisions of EPA Regulation 40 CFR 26 (Protection of Human Subjects). This includes, at Subpart A, the Basic Federal Policy for the Protection of Human Research Subjects, also known as the Common Rule. It also includes, at Subparts B, C, and D, prohibitions and additional protections for children, nursing women, pregnant women, and fetuses in research conducted or supported by EPA.

The recipient further agrees to comply with EPA's procedures for oversight of the recipient's compliance with 40 CFR 26, as given in EPA Order 1000.17 Change A1 (Policy and Procedures on Protection of Human Research Subjects in EPA Conducted or Supported Research). As per this order, no human subject may be involved in any research conducted under this assistance agreement, including recruitment, until the research has been approved or determined to be exempt by the EPA Human Subjects Research Review Official (HSRRO) after review of the approval or exemption determination of the Institutional Review Board(s) (IRB(s)) with jurisdiction over the research under 40 CFR 26.

For HSRRO approval, the recipient must forward to the Project Officer: (1) copies of all documents upon which the IRB(s) with jurisdiction based their approval(s) or exemption determination(s), (2) copies of the IRB approval or exemption determination letter(s), (3) copy of the IRB-approved consent forms and subject recruitment materials, if applicable, and (4) copies of all supplementary IRB correspondence.

Following the initial approvals indicated above, the recipient must, as part of the annual report(s), provide evidence of continuing review and approval of the research by the IRB(s) with jurisdiction, as required by 40 CFR 26.109(e). Materials submitted to the IRB(s) for their continuing review and approval are to be provided to the Project Officer upon IRB approval. During the course of the research, investigators must promptly report any unanticipated problems involving risk to subjects or others according to requirements set forth by the IRB. In addition, any event that is significant enough to result in the removal of the subject from the study should also be reported to the Project Officer, even if the event is not reportable to the IRB of record.

### 34. Animal Subjects

The recipient agrees to comply with the Animal Welfare Act of 1966 (P.L. 89-544), as amended, 7 USC 2131-2156. Recipient also agrees to abide by the "U.S. Government Principles for the Utilization and Care of Vertebrate Animals used in Testing, Research, and Training." (Federal Register 50(97): 20864-20865. May 20, 1985). The nine principles can be viewed at <https://olaw.nih.gov/policies-laws/phs-policy.htm>. For additional information about the Principles, the recipient should consult the [\*Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals\*](#), prepared by the Institute of Laboratory Animal Resources, National Research Council.

### **35. Light Refreshments and/or Meals**

#### **(a) APPLICABLE TO ALL AGREEMENTS EXCEPT STATE CONTINUING ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS (AS DESCRIBED BELOW):**

Unless the event(s) and all of its components are described in the approved workplan, the recipient agrees to obtain prior approval from EPA for the use of grant funds for light refreshments and/or meals served at meetings, conferences, training workshops and outreach activities (events). The recipient must send requests for approval to the EPA Project Officer and include:

- (1) An estimated budget and description for the light refreshments, meals, and/or beverages to be served at the event(s)
- (2) A description of the purpose, agenda, location, length, and timing for the event, and
- (3) An estimated number of participants in the event and a description of their roles

Costs for light refreshments and meals for recipient staff meetings and similar day-to-day activities are not allowable under EPA assistance agreements.

Recipients may address questions about whether costs for light refreshments, and meals for events may be allowable to the recipient's EPA Project Officer; however, the Agency Award Official or Grant Management Officer will make final determinations on allowability. Agency policy prohibits the use of EPA funds for receptions, banquets and similar activities that take place after normal business hours unless the recipient has provided a justification that has been expressly approved by EPA's Award Official or Grants Management Officer.

EPA funding for meals, light refreshments, and space rental may not be used for any portion of an event where alcohol is served, purchased, or otherwise available as part of the event or meeting, even if EPA funds are not used to purchase the alcohol.

Note: U.S. General Services Administration regulations define light refreshments for morning, afternoon or evening breaks to include, but not be limited to, coffee, tea, milk, juice, soft drinks, donuts, bagels, fruit, pretzels, cookies, chips, or muffins. (41 CFR 301-74.7)

#### **(b) FOR STATE CONTINUING ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAM GRANT RECIPIENTS EXCLUDING STATE UNIVERSITIES:**

If the state maintains systems capable of complying with federal grant regulations at 2 CFR 200.432 and 200.438, EPA has waived the prior approval requirements for the use of EPA funds for light refreshments and/or meals served at meetings, conferences, and training, as described above. The state may follow its own procedures without requesting prior approval from EPA. However, notwithstanding state policies, EPA funds may not be used for (1) evening receptions, or (2) other evening events (with the exception of working meetings). Examples of working meetings include those evening events in which small groups discuss technical subjects on the basis of a structured agenda or there are presentations being conducted by experts. EPA funds for meals, light refreshments, and space rental may not be used for any portion of an event (including evening working meetings) where alcohol is served, purchased, or otherwise available as part of the event or meeting, even if EPA funds are not used to purchase the alcohol.

By accepting this award, the state is certifying that it has systems in place (including internal controls) to comply with the requirements described above.

### 36. Tangible Personal Property

**36.1** Reporting pursuant to 2 CFR 200.312 and 200.314, property reports, if applicable, are required for Federally-owned property in the custody of a non-Federal entity upon completion of the Federal award or when the property is no longer needed. Additionally, upon termination or completion of the project, residual unused supplies with a total aggregate fair market value exceeding \$5,000 not needed for any other Federally-sponsored programs or projects must be reported. For Superfund awards under Subpart O, refer to 40 CFR 35.6340 and 35.6660 for property reporting requirements. Recipients should utilize the Tangible Personal Property Report form series (SF-428) to report tangible personal property.

#### 36.2 Disposition

**36.2.1. Most Recipients.** Consistent with 2 CFR 200.313, unless instructed otherwise on the official award document, this award term, or at closeout, the recipient may keep the equipment and continue to use it on the project originally funded through this assistance agreement or on other federally funded projects whether or not the project or program continues to be supported by Federal funds.

**36.2.2. State Agencies.** Per 2 CFR 200.313(b), state agencies may manage and dispose of equipment acquired under this assistance agreement in accordance with state laws and procedures.

**36.2.3. Superfund Recipients.** Equipment purchased under Superfund projects is subject to specific disposal options in accordance with 40 CFR Part 35.6345.

### 37. Dual Use Research of Concern (DURC)

The recipient agrees to conduct all life science research\* in compliance with [EPA's Order on the Policy and Procedures for Managing Dual Use Research of Concern](#) (EPA DURC Order) and [United States Government Policy for Institutional Oversight of Life Sciences Dual Use Research of Concern](#) (iDURC Policy). If the recipient is an institution within the United States that receives funding through this agreement, or from any other source, the recipient agrees to comply with the iDURC Policy if they conduct or sponsor research involving any of the agents or toxins identified in Section 6.2.1 of the iDURC Policy. If the institution is outside the United States and receives funding through this agreement to conduct or sponsor research involving any of those same agents or toxins, the recipient agrees to comply with the iDURC Policy. The recipient agrees to provide any additional information that may be requested by EPA regarding DURC and iDURC. The recipient agrees to immediately notify the EPA Project Officer should the project use or introduce use of any of the agents or toxins identified in the iDURC Policy. The recipient's Institution/Organization must also comply with USG iDURC policy and EPA DURC Order and will inform the appropriate government agency if funded by such agency of research with the agents or toxins identified in Section 6.2.1 of the iDURC Policy. If privately funded the recipient agrees to notify the National Institutes of Health at [DURC@od.nih.gov](mailto:DURC@od.nih.gov).

\* "Life Sciences Research," for purposes of the EPA DURC Order, and based on the definition of research in 40 CFR §26.102(d), is a systematic investigation designed to develop or contribute to generalizable knowledge involving living organisms (e.g., microbes, human beings, animals, and plants) and their products. EPA does not consider the following activities to be research: routine product testing, quality control, mapping, collection of general-purpose statistics, routine monitoring and evaluation of an operational program, observational studies, and the training of scientific and technical personnel. [Note: This is consistent with Office of Management and Budget Circular A-11.]

### 38. Research Misconduct

In accordance with 2 CFR 200.329, the recipient agrees to notify the EPA Project Officer in writing about research misconduct involving research activities that are supported in whole or in part with EPA funds under this project. EPA defines research misconduct as fabrication, falsification, or plagiarism in proposing, performing, or reviewing research, or in reporting research results [65 FR 76262. I], or ordering, advising or suggesting that subordinates engage in research misconduct. The recipient agrees to:



- (1) Immediately notify the EPA Project Officer who will then inform the EPA Office of Inspector General (OIG) if, at any time, an allegation of research misconduct falls into one of the categories listed below:
  - A. Public health or safety is at risk
  - B. Agency resources or interests are threatened
  - C. Circumstances where research activities should be suspended
  - D. There is a reasonable indication of possible violations of civil or criminal law
  - E. Federal action is required to protect the interests of those involved in the investigation
  - F. The research entity believes that the inquiry or investigation may be made public prematurely so that appropriate steps can be taken to safeguard evidence and protect the rights of those involved
  - G. Circumstances where the research community or public should be informed. [65 FR 76263.III]
- (2) Report other allegations to the OIG when they have conducted an inquiry and determined that there is sufficient evidence to proceed with an investigation. [65 FR 76263. III]

### **39. Scientific Integrity Terms and Conditions**

The recipient agrees to comply with [EPA's Scientific Integrity Policy](#) when conducting, supervising, and communicating science and when using or applying the results of science. For purposes of this award condition scientific activities include, but are not limited to, computer modelling, economic analysis, field sampling, laboratory experimentation, demonstrating new technology, statistical analysis, and writing a review article on a scientific issue. The recipient agrees to:

#### **39.1 Scientific Products**

**39.1.1.** Produce scientific products of the highest quality, rigor, and objectivity, by adhering to applicable EPA [information quality guidelines](#), [quality policy](#), and peer review policy.

**39.1.2.** Prohibit all recipient employees, contractors, and program participants, including scientists, managers, and other recipient leadership, from suppressing, altering, or otherwise impeding the timely release of scientific findings or conclusions.

**39.1.3.** Adhere to [EPA's Peer Review Handbook, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition](#), for the peer review of scientific and technical work products generated through EPA grants or cooperative agreements which, by definition, are not primarily for EPA's direct use or benefit.

#### **39.2 Scientific Findings**

**39.2.1.** Require that reviews regarding the content of a scientific product that are conducted by the project manager and other recipient managers and the broader management chain be based only on scientific quality considerations, e.g., the methods used are clear and appropriate, the presentation of results and conclusions is impartial.

**39.2.2.** Ensure scientific findings are generated and disseminated in a timely and transparent manner, including scientific research performed by employees, contractors, and program participants, who assist with developing or applying the results of scientific activities.

**39.2.3.** Include, when communicating scientific findings, an explication of underlying assumptions, accurate contextualization of uncertainties, and a description of the probabilities associated with both optimistic and pessimistic projections, if applicable.

**39.2.4.** Document the use of independent validation of scientific methods.

**39.2.5.** Document any independent review of the recipient's scientific facilities and testing activities, as occurs with accreditation by a nationally or internationally recognized sanctioning body.

**39.2.6.** Make scientific information available online in open formats in a timely manner, including access to data and non-proprietary models.

#### **39.3 Scientific Misconduct**

**39.3.1.** Prohibit intimidation or coercion of scientists to alter scientific data, findings, or professional opinions or non-scientific influence of scientific advisory boards. In addition, recipient employees,

contractors, and program participants, including scientists, managers, and other leadership, shall not knowingly misrepresent, exaggerate, or downplay areas of scientific uncertainty

**39.3.2.** Prohibit retaliation or other punitive actions toward recipient employees who uncover or report allegations of scientific and research misconduct, or who express a differing scientific opinion. Employees who have allegedly engaged in scientific or research misconduct shall be afforded the due process protections provided by law, regulation, and applicable collective bargaining agreements, prior to any action. Recipients shall ensure that all employees and contractors of the recipient shall be familiar with these protections and avoid the appearance of retaliatory actions.

**39.3.3.** Require all recipient employees, contractors, and program participants to act honestly and refrain from acts of research misconduct, including publication or reporting, as described in [EPA's Policy and Procedures for Addressing Research Misconduct](#), Section 9.C. Research misconduct does not include honest error or differences of opinion. While EPA retains the ultimate oversight authority for EPA-supported research, grant recipients conducting research bear primary responsibility for prevention and detection of research misconduct and for the inquiry, investigation, and adjudication of research misconduct alleged to have occurred in association with their own institution.

**39.3.4.** Take the actions required on the part of the recipient described in EPA's Policy and Procedures for Addressing Research Misconduct, Sections 6 through 9, when research misconduct is suspected or found.

#### **39.4 Additional Resources**

For more information about the Scientific Integrity Policy, an introductory video can be accessed at: <https://youtu.be/FQJCy8BXXq8>. A training video is available at: <https://youtu.be/Zc0T7foot8>.

#### **40. Post-Award Disclosure of Current and Pending Support on Research Grants**

The recipient is required to notify EPA if there has been a change in support for the principal investigator and/or major co-investigators listed on EPA Key Contacts Form, EPA Form 5700-54, since submission of its application or the last reporting period in the performance report. If there has been a change, the recipient must report the change within 30 calendar days to the EPA Project Officer. The information should also be included in the next due performance report. EPA may consult with the Principal Investigator and the Authorized Representative, to determine the impact of the new information on the EPA-funded research grant and, where necessary, take appropriate action.

If the recipient discovers that an investigator on an active EPA research grant failed to disclose current and pending support information or provided inaccurate information as part of the proposal submission process, it must provide the revised current and pending support information to the EPA Project Officer within 30 calendar days of the identification of the undisclosed or inaccurate current and pending support information.

## **Public Policy Requirements**

#### **41. Civil Rights Obligations**

This term and condition incorporates by reference the signed assurance provided by the recipient's authorized representative on: 1) EPA Form 4700-4, "Preaward Compliance Review Report for All Applicants and Recipients Requesting EPA Financial Assistance"; and 2) Certifications and Representations in Sam.gov or Standard Form 424D, as applicable.

These assurances and this term and condition obligate the recipient to comply fully with applicable civil rights statutes and implementing federal and EPA regulations.

##### **(a) Statutory Requirements**

- i. In carrying out this agreement, the recipient must comply with:



- 1) Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, which prohibits discrimination based on race, color, and national origin, including limited English proficiency (LEP), by entities receiving Federal financial assistance.
  - 2) Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, which prohibits discrimination against persons with disabilities by entities receiving Federal financial assistance; and
  - 3) The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, which prohibits age discrimination by entities receiving Federal financial assistance.
- ii. If the recipient is an education program or activity (e.g., school, college, or university) or if the recipient is conducting an education program or activity under this agreement, it must also comply with:
    - 1) Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, which prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex in education programs and activities operated by entities receiving Federal financial assistance. For further information about your compliance obligations regarding Title IX, see 40 CFR Part 5 and <https://www.justice.gov/crt/title-ix>
  - iii. If this agreement is funded with financial assistance under the Clean Water Act (CWA), the recipient must also comply with:
    - 1) Section 13 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972, which prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex in CWA-funded programs or activities.
- (b) Regulatory Requirements**
- i. The recipient agrees to comply with all applicable EPA civil rights regulations, including:
    - 1) For Title IX obligations, 40 C.F.R. Part 5; and
    - 2) For Title VI, Section 504, Age Discrimination Act, and Section 13 obligations, 40 CFR Part 7.
    - 3) For statutory and national policy requirements, including those prohibiting discrimination and those described in Executive Order 13798 promoting free speech and religious freedom, 2 CFR 200.300.
    - 4) As noted on the EPA Form 4700-4 signed by the recipient's authorized representative, these regulations establish specific requirements including maintaining compliance information, establishing grievance procedures, designating a Civil Rights Coordinator, and providing notices of non-discrimination.
- (c) TITLE VI – LEP, Public Participation and Affirmative Compliance Obligation**
- i. As a recipient of EPA financial assistance, you are required by Title VI of the Civil Rights Act to provide meaningful access to LEP individuals. In implementing that requirement, the recipient agrees to use as a guide the Office of Civil Rights (OCR) document entitled "Guidance to Environmental Protection Agency Financial Assistance Recipients Regarding Title VI Prohibition Against National Origin Discrimination Affecting Limited English Proficient Persons." The guidance can be found at: <https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2004/06/25/04-14464/guidance-to-environmental-protection-agency-financial-assistance-recipients-regarding-title-vi>.
  - ii. If the recipient is administering permitting programs under this agreement, the recipient agrees to use as a guide OCR's Title VI Public Involvement Guidance for EPA Assistance Recipients Administering Environmental Permitting Programs. The Guidance can be found at: <https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2006-03-21/pdf/06-2691.pdf>.
  - iii. In accepting this assistance agreement, the recipient acknowledges it has an affirmative obligation to implement effective Title VI compliance programs and ensure that its actions do not involve discriminatory treatment and do not have discriminatory effects even when facially neutral. The recipient must be prepared to demonstrate to EPA that such compliance programs exist and are being implemented or to otherwise demonstrate how it is meeting its Title VI obligations.

#### 42. Drug-Free Workplace

The recipient organization of this EPA assistance agreement must make an ongoing, good faith effort to maintain a drug-free workplace pursuant to the specific requirements set forth in Title 2 CFR Part 1536 Subpart B. Additionally, in accordance with these regulations, the recipient organization must identify all known workplaces under its federal awards, and keep this information on file during the performance of the award.

Those recipients who are individuals must comply with the drug-free provisions set forth in Title 2 CFR Part 1536 Subpart C.

The consequences for violating this condition are detailed under Title [2 CFR Part 1536 Subpart E](#). Recipients can access the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 2 Part 1536 at [www.ecfr.gov/](http://www.ecfr.gov/).

#### 43. Hotel-Motel Fire Safety

Pursuant to USC 2225a, the recipient agrees to ensure that all space for conferences, meetings, conventions or training seminars funded in whole or in part with federal funds complies with the protection and control guidelines of the Hotel and Motel Fire Safety Act (PL 101-391, as amended). Recipients may search the Hotel-Motel National Master List at <https://apps.usfa.fema.gov/hotel/> to see if a property is in compliance, or to find other information about the Act.

#### 44. Lobbying Restrictions

**a) This assistance agreement is subject to lobbying restrictions as described below. Applicable to all assistance agreements:**

- i. The chief executive officer of this recipient agency shall ensure that no grant funds awarded under this assistance agreement are used to engage in lobbying of the Federal Government or in litigation against the U.S. unless authorized under existing law. The recipient shall abide by the Cost Principles available at 2 CFR Part 200 which generally prohibits the use of federal grant funds for litigation against the U.S. or for lobbying or other political activities.
- ii. The recipient agrees to comply with Title 40 CFR Part 34, New Restrictions on Lobbying. The recipient shall include the language of this provision in award documents for all subawards exceeding \$100,000 and require that subrecipients submit certification and disclosure forms accordingly.
- iii. In accordance with the Byrd Anti-Lobbying Amendment, any recipient who makes a prohibited expenditure under Title 40 CFR Part 34 or fails to file the required certification or lobbying forms shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such expenditure.
- iv. Contracts awarded by a recipient shall contain, when applicable, the anti-lobbying provision as stipulated in the Appendix II to Part 200—Contract Provisions for Non-Federal Entity Contracts Under Federal Awards.
- v. By accepting this award, the recipient affirms that it is not a nonprofit organization described in Section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as required by Section 18 of the Lobbying Disclosure Act; or that it is a nonprofit organization described in Section 501(c)(4) of the Code but does not and will not engage in lobbying activities as defined in Section 3 of the Lobbying Disclosure Act. Nonprofit organizations exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code that engage in lobbying activities are ineligible for EPA subawards.

**b) Applicable to assistance agreements when the amount of the award is over \$100,000:**

- i. By accepting this award, the recipient certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief that:

- 1) No Federal appropriated funds have been or will be paid, by or on behalf of the recipient, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
  - 2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, or any employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal grant or cooperative agreement, the recipient shall complete and submit the linked [Standard Form -- LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying,"](#) in accordance with its instructions.
  - 3) The recipient shall require that the language of this certification be included in the award documents for all subawards exceeding \$100,000 at all tiers (including subcontracts, subgrants, and contracts under grants, loans, and cooperative agreements) and that all subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.
- ii. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by Section 1352, Title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each failure.

#### **45. Recycled Paper**

When directed to provide paper documents, the recipient agrees to use recycled paper and double-sided printing for all reports which are prepared as a part of this agreement and delivered to EPA. This requirement does not apply to reports prepared on forms supplied by EPA.

#### **46. Resource Conservation and Recovery Act**

Consistent with goals of section 6002 of RCRA (42 U.S.C. 6962), State and local institutions of higher education, hospitals and non-profit organization recipients agree to give preference in procurement programs to the purchase of specific products containing recycled materials, as identified in 40 CFR Part 247.

Consistent with section 6002 of RCRA (42 U.S.C. 6962) and 2 CFR 200.323, State agencies or agencies of a political subdivision of a State and its contractors are required to purchase certain items made from recycled materials, as identified in 40 CFR Part 247, when the purchase price exceeds \$10,000 during the course of a fiscal year or where the quantity of such items acquired in the course of the preceding fiscal year was \$10,000 or more. Pursuant to 40 CFR 247.2 (d), the recipient may decide not to procure such items if they are not reasonably available in a reasonable period of time; fail to meet reasonable performance standards; or are only available at an unreasonable price.

#### **47. Trafficking in Persons**

##### **a) Provisions applicable to a recipient that is a private entity.**

- i. The recipient, the recipient's employees, subrecipients under this award, and subrecipients' employees may not –
  - 1) Engage in severe forms of trafficking in persons during the period of time that the award is in effect;
  - 2) Procure a commercial sex act during the period of time that the award is an effect; or
  - 3) Use forced labor in performance of the award or subawards under the award.

- ii. We as the Federal awarding agency may unilaterally terminate this award, without penalty, if the recipient or a subrecipient that is a private entity –
  - 1) Is determined to have violated a prohibition in paragraph a of this award term; or
  - 2) Has an employee who is determined by the agency official authorized to terminate the award to have violated a prohibition in paragraph a of this award term through conduct that is either –
    - a. Associated with performance under this award; or
    - b. Imputed to the recipient or subrecipient using the standards and due process for imputing the conduct of an individual to an organization that are provided in 2 CFR Part 180, “OMB Guidelines to Agencies on Governmentwide Debarment and Suspension (Non- procurement),” as implemented by our Agency at 2 CFR Part 1532.
- b) Provision applicable to a recipient other than a private entity.** EPA may unilaterally terminate this award, without penalty, if a subrecipient that is a private entity –
  - i. Is determined to have violated an applicable prohibition in paragraph a. of this award term; or
  - ii. Has an employee who is determined by the agency official authorized to terminate the award to have violated an applicable prohibition in paragraph a of this award term through conduct that is either
    - 1) Associated with performance under this award; or
    - 2) Imputed to the subrecipient using the standards and due process for imputing the conduct of an individual to an organization that are provided in 2 CFR Part 180, “OMB Guidelines to Agencies on Governmentwide Debarment and Suspension (Nonprocurement),” as implemented by EPA at 2 CFR Part 1532.
- c) Provisions applicable to any recipient**
  - i. The recipient must inform the EPA immediately of any information received from any source alleging a violation of a prohibition in paragraph a of this award term.
  - ii. Our right to terminate unilaterally that is described in paragraph a and b:
    - 1) Implements section 106(g) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (TVPA), as amended (22 U.S.C. 7104(g)), and
    - 2) Is in addition to all other remedies for noncompliance that are available to us under this award.
  - iii. The recipient must include the requirements of paragraph a of this award term in any subaward made to a private entity.
- d) Definitions.** For purposes of this award term:
  - i. “Employee” means either:
    - 1) An individual employed by you or a subrecipient who is engaged in the performance of the project or program under this award; or
    - 2) Another person engaged in the performance of the project or program under this award and not compensated by you including, but not limited to, a volunteer or individual whose services are contributed by a third party as an in-kind contribution toward cost sharing or matching requirements.
  - ii. “Forced Labor” means labor obtained by any of the following methods: the recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for labor or services, through the use of force, fraud, or coercion for the purpose of subjection to involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery.
  - iii. “Private Entity”
    - 1) Means any entity other than a State, local government, Indian tribe, or foreign public entity, as those terms are defined in 2 CFR 175.25.
    - 2) Includes:

- a. A nonprofit organization, including any nonprofit institution of higher education, hospital, or tribal organization other than one included in the definition of Indian tribe at 2 CFR 175.25(b).
  - b. A for-profit organization
- iv. “Severe forms of trafficking in persons,” “commercial sex act,” and “coercion” have the meanings given at section 103 of the TVPA, as amended (22 U.S.C. 7102).

#### **48. Build America, Buy America (applicable to all funding from May 14, 2022, and forward)**

- a) The recipient is subject to the Buy America Sourcing requirements under the Build America, Buy America provisions of the [Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act](#) (IIJA) (P.L. 117-58, §§70911-70917) for the types of infrastructure projects under the EPA program and activities specified in [EPA’s Identification of Federal Financial Assistance Infrastructure Programs Subject to the Build America, Buy America Provisions of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act](#). None of the funds provided under this award may be used for a project of infrastructure unless all iron and steel, manufactured products, and construction materials that are consumed in, incorporated into, or affixed to an infrastructure project are produced in the United States. The Buy America preference requirement applies to an entire infrastructure project, even if it is funded by both Federal and non-Federal funds. The recipient must implement these requirements in its procurements, and these requirements must flow down to all subawards and contracts at any tier. For legal definitions and sourcing requirements, the recipient must consult EPA’s [Build America, Buy America website](#) and the Office of Management and Budget’s (OMB) [Memorandum M-22-11, Initial Implementation Guidance on Application of Buy America Preference in Federal Financial Assistance Programs for Infrastructure](#).
- b) When supported by rationale provided in IIJA §70914, the recipient may submit a waiver request to EPA. Recipients should request guidance on the submission instructions of an EPA waiver request from the EPA Project Officer for this agreement. A list of approved EPA waivers (general applicability and project specific) is available on the EPA [Build America, Buy America website](#).
- c) For questions regarding the applicability of the Build America, Buy America Act requirements to this assistance agreement or if there is an approved waiver in place, please contact the EPA Project Officer for this agreement.

#### **49. Required Certifications and Consequences of Fraud**

Per [2 CFR 200.415\(a\)](#) Required Certifications, to assure that expenditures are proper and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Federal award and approved project budgets, the financial reports or vouchers requesting payment under the agreement will include a certification that must be signed by an official who is authorized to legally bind the recipient which reads as follows:

“By signing this report, I certify to the best of my knowledge and belief that the report is true, complete, and accurate, and the expenditures, disbursements and cash receipts are for the purposes and objectives set forth in the terms and conditions of the Federal award. I am aware that any false, fictitious, or fraudulent information, or the omission of any material fact, may subject me to criminal, civil or administrative penalties for fraud, false statements, false claims or otherwise. (U.S. Code Title 18, Section 1001 and Title 31, Sections 3729-3730 and 3801-3812).”

#### **50. Reporting Waste, Fraud and Abuse**

Consistent [2 CFR 200.113](#), the recipient and any subrecipients must report, in a timely manner, any violations of Federal criminal law involving fraud, bribery, or gratuity violations potentially affecting this award to the EPA Project Officer and the [EPA Office of Inspector General \(OIG\) Hotline](#). The methods to contact the OIG hotline are (1) online submission via the [EPA OIG Hotline Complaint Form](#); (2) email to

[OIG\\_Hotline@epa.gov](mailto:OIG_Hotline@epa.gov); (3) phone 1-888-546-8740; or (4) mail directed to Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Inspector General, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. (2410T), Washington, DC 20460.

To support awareness of the OIG hotline, recipients and/or subrecipients receiving an EPA award or subaward of \$1,000,000 or more must display EPA OIG Hotline posters in facilities where the work is performed under the grant. EPA OIG Hotline posters may be [downloaded or printed](#) or may be obtained by contacting the OIG at 1- 888-546-8740. Recipients and subrecipients need not comply with this requirement if they have established a mechanism, such as a hotline, by which employees may report suspected instances of improper conduct and have provided instructions that encourage employees to make such reports.

## **51. Whistleblower Protections**

This award is subject to whistleblower protections, including the protections established at 41 U.S.C. 4712 providing that an employee of the recipient or a subrecipient may not be discharged, demoted, or otherwise discriminated against as a reprisal for disclosing to a covered person or body information that the employee reasonably believes is evidence of gross mismanagement of a Federal grant or subaward, a gross waste of Federal funds, an abuse of authority relating to a Federal grant or subaward, a substantial and specific danger to public health or safety, or a violation of law, rule, or regulation related to a Federal grant or subaward. These covered persons or bodies include:

- a. A member of Congress or representative of a committee of Congress.
- b. An Inspector General.
- c. The Government Accountability Office.
- d. A Federal employee responsible for contract or grant oversight or management at the relevant agency.
- e. An authorized official of the Department of Justice or other law enforcement agency.
- f. A court of grand jury.
- g. A management official or other employee of the contractor, subcontractor, or grantee who has the responsibility to investigate, discover, or address misconduct.

Consistent with 41 U.S.C. 4712(d), the recipient and subrecipients shall inform their employees in writing, in the predominant language of the workforce or organization, of employee whistleblower rights and protections under 41 U.S.C. 4712. Additional information about whistleblower protections, including protections for such employees may be found at the [EPA Office of Inspector General's Whistleblower Protection page](#).

## **52. Access to Records**

In accordance with [2 CFR 200.337](#), EPA and the EPA Office of Inspector General (OIG) have the right to access any documents, papers, or other records, including electronic records, of the recipient and subrecipient which are pertinent to this award in order to make audits, examinations, excerpts, and transcripts. This right of access also includes timely and reasonable access to the recipient and subrecipient's personnel for the purpose of interview and discussion related to such documents. This right of access shall continue as long as the records are retained.